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Regulations and Procedures for the International Registry

Approved by the Council and
published by its decision

Ninth Edition — 2022

International Civil Aviation Organization

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REGULATIONS

Section 1

AUTHORITY

These “Regulations” are issued by the Supervisory Authority pursuant to Article 17 (2) (d) of the Convention on International Interests in Mobile Equipment, signed at Cape Town on 16 November 2001 (the “Convention”) and Article XVIII of the Protocol to the Convention on International Interests in Mobile Equipment on Matters specific to Aircraft Equipment, signed at Cape Town on 16 November 2001 (the “Protocol”).

Section 2

DEFINITIONS

2.1 Terms defined in the Convention and the Protocol shall have the same meanings in these Regulations. In addition, the following terms shall have the meanings set out below:

2.1.1 “Administrator” means the person with authority to act on behalf of a registry user entity, and, in the case of a government entity, the employee, member or officer with authority to act on its behalf, on administrative matters in dealings with the Registrar and the International Registry, and includes his/her acting administrator to whom he/she has delegated his/her powers in accordance with Section 4.1.

2.1.2 “Amendment”, unless the context suggests otherwise, means any change in registered information, including any change in the lapse date of a registration, but does not include assignment, subrogation or subordination.

2.1.3 “Authorization” means an electronic authorization given by the administrator of a transacting user entity to one of its transacting users

or to a professional user to transmit information to the International Registry to effect or consent to a registration on behalf of that transacting user entity.

2.1.4 “Authorizing entry point” means an entity designated by a Contracting State as contemplated by Section 12.1 (a).

2.1.5 “Consent” means an electronic consent to a registration transmitted by the consenting party using an electronic signature.

2.1.6 “Contact information” means, with respect to the entity or natural person to whom such information relates, such entity’s or natural person’s name, administrator and that administrator’s telephone number and electronic address.

2.1.7 “Controlled entity” means a business entity, trust or association of any kind, however established, with capacity to be a named party in registrations, where a transacting user entity electronically asserts that it controls, manages or administers that business entity, trust or association.

2.1.8 “Direct entry point” means an entity designated by a Contracting State as contemplated by Section 12.1 (b), and a “direct entry point user” means an official, employee, member or partner of a direct entry point.

2.1.9 “Documentary evidence” means documentation that fully substantiates that an interest being registered has been conferred, created or arose under the law of the Contracting State identified in the information to effect a registration, including evidentiary documentation issued by a government body or public authority.

2.1.10 “Electronic signature” means data in electronic form which are attached to, or logically associated with, other data in electronic form, and which are used by the signatory to sign.

2.1.11 “Entry point” means an entity designated by a Contracting State as contemplated by Section 12.1.

2.1.12 “Government entity” means a government body or public authority responsible for the oversight and regulation of civil aviation, having an account with the International Registry for conducting searches, and a “government user” means an individual employee, member or officer of that entity.

2.1.13 “Identity information” means the following in respect of the entity or natural person for whom the identifying information is sought:

- (a) the name, principal physical address, and date of birth for a natural person;
- (b) the name, state of incorporation or formation, and principal physical business address for an entity; and
- (c) any other information reasonably required by the Registrar.

2.1.14 “Named party” means the transacting user entity named in a registration.

2.1.15 “Professional user entity” means a firm or other grouping of persons (such as an internal legal department of a transacting user entity) providing professional services to transacting user entities in connection with the transmission, to the International Registry, of information relating to registrations, and a “professional user” means an individual employee, member or partner of a professional user entity.

2.1.16 “Provided object identification information” means, for the purposes of Sections 5.1 and 5.3 (c), information provided by the International Registry for selection by a registry user when effecting a registration, and excludes information submitted in a different format by the registering person.

2.1.17 “Registered information” means the category of registration, together with the information entered in the International Registry to effect such registration pursuant to Sections 5.3 (b), (c), (d) and (g), 5.4 (a), (b) and (c), 5.5 (a) and (c), 5.6 (a), (c) and (d), 5.8 (d), 5.9 (a), (c), (d), (e) and (f), 5.10 (a) and (b), 5.11 (a), (c) and (d), 5.14, 5.16 (a) (ii), 5.18, 5.19 (a), (c) and (d), and 5.20 (a) and (b), in each case as applicable

to such category of registration, and shall include any correction or discharge of a registration pursuant to Section 5.17. The name and the electronic signature of the registering person, and the contact information of the persons to which the International Registry is required to send notices pursuant to Section 6, shall not be regarded as registered information. For purposes of a registration under Sections 5.4, 5.10 and 5.20, the name of the registry user entity that effects the registration shall be regarded as registered information.

2.1.18 “Registration” means an interest electronically registered with the International Registry. For the purposes of Sections 4.4, 5.21, 6 and 12.4, the term has the extended meaning set out in Section 6.1. A “registering person” means the transacting user, professional user or direct entry point user transmitting information to the International Registry to effect a registration.

2.1.19 The term:

- (a) “registry user entity” means:
 - (i) a transacting user entity;
 - (ii) a professional user entity;
 - (iii) a direct entry point; or
 - (iv) a government entity;
- (b) “registry user” means a transacting user, a professional user, a direct entry point user or a government user; and
- (c) “guest user” means a person having a guest user account who may search the International Registry, but not having the right to consent to a registration.

2.1.20 “Relevant Contracting State” means a Contracting State that is either:

- (a) the State of registry, at the time of submission of a registration to the International Registry, of an airframe or helicopter; or
- (b) if the airframe or helicopter is not currently registered in a Contracting State, the intended State of registry chosen by agreement in accordance with Article IV (1) of the Protocol, if applicable.

2.1.21 “R-NCRI” means a registrable non-consensual right or interest in an object conferred under the law of the Contracting State in which the right or interest arose, as provided in Articles 1 (dd) and 40 of the Convention.

2.1.22 “R-NCRI authorization” means a registrable non-consensual right or interest authorization that confers the authority to effect or amend the registration that is contemplated by Section 5.4.

2.1.23 “Searching person” means a person making a search in accordance with Section 7 of these Regulations.

2.1.24 “Supplemental object identification materials” means materials as contemplated by Section 5.2.

2.1.25 “Transacting user entity” means a legal entity, natural person or more than one of the foregoing acting jointly intending to be a named party in one or more registrations, and a “transacting user” means an individual employee, member or partner of a transacting user entity or an affiliate of that entity.

2.1.26 “Unilateral registration” means a registration pursuant to Section 5.4, 5.10 or 5.20.

2.1.27 “Variant information” means manufacturer’s name, model designation or serial number information identified as variant information in the supplemental object identification materials.

2.2 The term or terms:

- (a) “Procedures” has the meaning set out in Section 15.1; and
- (b) “priority search”, “priority search certificate”, “informational search”, “informational search listing”, “Contracting State search”, “Contracting State search certificate”, “registry user entity search” and “self-search” have the meanings set out in Section 7.

Section 3

GENERAL PROVISIONS

3.1 The International Registry is established as the facility for effecting and searching registrations under the Convention and the Protocol.

3.2 Since the International Registry merely provides notice of registrations, the facts underlying any such registration or registered interest shall determine whether it falls within the scope of the Convention or the Protocol. Without limiting the foregoing, while there will be no technical impediment to the registration of pre-existing rights and interests, such registrations shall have no legal effect under the Convention and the Protocol, except where, by virtue of a declaration under Article 60 (3) of the Convention, registration thereof is required. The contents of this Section 3.2 shall be prominently displayed by the International Registry as a general cautionary note. Neither this Section, nor the technical function of the Registry, shall relieve any party making a registration that ought not to have been made or is incorrect, from liability under applicable law.

3.3 The Registrar shall perform the functions specified in the Convention, the Protocol, these Regulations and the Procedures.

3.4 The International Registry shall be accessible 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, except if precluded by maintenance performed outside peak periods, or technical or security problems, as set out in the Procedures.

3.5 Technical support shall be provided by a help desk of the International Registry, which shall be available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, via telephone and/or email, as set out in the Procedures.

3.6 The International Registry may be used for no other purpose than that set forth in Sections 3.1 and 3.2, unless approved in advance by the Supervisory Authority and subject to the terms of that approval.

3.7 Information obtained from or through the International Registry about an entity or natural person shall not be used for marketing or promotional purposes or other commercial purposes unrelated to the use of the International Registry.

3.8 The Registrar may collect and store transaction, technical and payment logs necessary for the efficient and secure operation of the International Registry.

3.9 The Registrar shall maintain and make available on the International Registry website a privacy policy detailing how personal data are collected and processed and for what purpose.

Section 4

ACCESS TO THE INTERNATIONAL REGISTRY

4.1 No registry user entity or administrator of that entity shall have access to the International Registry unless that entity and administrator are first approved as such by the Registrar and are otherwise in compliance with these Regulations and the Procedures. For the purposes of the preceding sentence, such approval shall be given when the Registrar reasonably concludes, without undertaking specific legal analysis:

- (a) that such entity and administrator are who they claim to be; and
- (b) on the basis of information submitted, that the latter is entitled to act as administrator of the former;

in each case, following the standards and procedures set out in the Procedures. The foregoing approval requirement is not applicable to a searching person.

No administrator of a transacting user entity shall be entitled to register or amend the registration of an R-NCRI or issue an R-NCRI authorization unless that administrator is first approved by the Registrar for that purpose. Such approval shall be given when the Registrar reasonably concludes, without undertaking specific legal analysis, that the administrator has the authority from his/her transacting user entity to make the certification and agreement required by Sections 5.4 (d) and (g), respectively.

In connection with the foregoing and Sections 5, 6 and 7, the Registrar is entitled to collect identity information and contact information from each registry user entity. Each registry user entity may elect to exclude from the information generated by a search under Section 7.6 its physical address and administrator's telephone number, and in the case of a natural person, his/her date of birth.

An administrator may from time to time, for periods not exceeding three (3) months, electronically delegate his/her powers to an "acting administrator" meeting the requirements of Section 5.2 of the Procedures.

A requested change to contact information or identity information may be made after the Registrar reasonably concludes that such requested change is accurate.

4.2 No registry user shall have access to the International Registry unless that user is first electronically approved as such by the administrator of the subject registry user entity and is otherwise in compliance with these Regulations and the Procedures. No approved

registry user shall be entitled to transmit information to the International Registry to effect a registration unless that user has first received authorization to do so. For the purposes of the preceding sentences, such electronic approval and authorization may be given at the sole discretion of the relevant administrator, may be revoked by such administrator at any time, and may be renounced by the registry user at any time. The administrator of a professional user entity may renounce the authorizations granted to all the users of that entity on their behalf.

4.2.1 No guest user shall have access to the International Registry unless that user first provides a valid electronic address at which he/she may be contacted and which shall be automatically verified.

4.3 Notwithstanding Sections 4.1 and 4.2:

- (a) the administrator of a transacting user entity approved by the Registrar may electronically approve a controlled entity for the purposes of being named in registrations upon the payment of the fee set out in Table 1 of the Appendix to the Procedures and confirmation by that administrator that such transacting user entity controls, manages or administers such controlled entity;
- (b) upon such approval, the rights, powers and obligations of the administrator of the approving transacting user entity and its transacting users, respectively, shall apply to the approved controlled entity;
- (c) the International Registry may provide a facility whereby a controlled entity approved pursuant to Section 4.3 (a) may be converted into a transacting user entity upon compliance with Section 4.1, including the appointment and approval of an administrator and the payment of applicable fees pursuant to the Procedures. Upon completion of the actions set forth in Section 4.1 with respect to such controlled entity, including approval by the Registrar:

- (i) such controlled entity shall cease to be a controlled entity and shall henceforth be a transacting user entity; and
 - (ii) the administrator of such transacting user entity shall thereupon have all rights, powers and obligations under these Regulations including, but not limited to, the right to revoke all previously approved registry user authorizations; and
- (d) the International Registry may provide a facility whereby the control of a controlled entity may be transferred from one transacting user entity to another transacting user entity. Upon acceptance of the transfer of a controlled entity, the controlled entity will cease to be controlled by its initial approving administrator and the rights, powers and obligations of the administrator of the accepting transacting user entity shall apply to the transferred controlled entity. The administrator of the accepting transacting user entity shall thereupon have all the rights, powers and obligations of an administrator under these Regulations, including, but not limited to, the right to revoke all previously approved registry user authorizations.

4.4 Subject to these Regulations and in accordance with the Procedures, a registration may only be effected, with an authorization, by a registering person, on behalf of the transacting user entity, which is a named party required or permitted to effect that registration under Article 20 of the Convention and Article III of the Protocol. A registration or transfer of a right to consent to the discharge of a registration is valid if it is effected by a natural person who has been given the power to do so by a registry user authorized to effect such registration or such transfer of the right to consent to the discharge. The foregoing shall not apply in respect of a registration transmitted by a direct entry point, which shall be made in accordance with Section 12.4.

4.5 All entities and natural persons accessing the International Registry shall comply with these Regulations and the Procedures.

Section 5

INFORMATION REQUIRED TO EFFECT REGISTRATION

Use of electronic information

5.1 In order to effect a registration, use of provided object identification information is mandatory and, where so provided, is the sole means of satisfying the requirements of Section 5.3 (c). To the extent that provided object identification information is not provided for an aircraft object at the time the registration data are submitted to the International Registry, the information required by Section 5.3 (c) shall be electronically entered by a registering person using the format prescribed in Section 12 of the Procedures.

The validity of a registration shall not be adversely affected by the subsequent availability of updated or new provided object identification information.

Supplemental object identification materials

5.2 The Registrar may post supplemental object identification materials, the use of which is subject to the notice and disclaimer posted on the International Registry.

The posted supplemental object identification materials establish the variant information which is encompassed by the provided object identification information. The use of provided object identification information (without any of the variant information) is necessary and sufficient to satisfy the requirements of Section 5.3 (c).

Registration of an international interest or a prospective international interest

5.3 The information required to effect the registration of an international interest or a prospective international interest is:

- (a) the electronic signature of the registering person;
- (b) the name of each of the named parties;
- (c) the following information identifying the aircraft object:
 - (i) manufacturer's name;
 - (ii) manufacturer's generic model designation; and
 - (iii) manufacturer's serial number assigned to the aircraft object;
- (d) the lapse date of the registration, if the registration is to lapse prior to the filing of a discharge;
- (e) the consent of the named parties, given under an authorization;
- (f) the electronic addresses of the persons to which the International Registry shall send information notices pursuant to Section 6; and
- (g) if the named parties include more than one creditor, the name of the creditor who is to hold the sole right to consent to the discharge of that registration.

Unilateral registration of an R-NCRI

5.4 The information, certification, documents and agreement required to effect the registration of an R-NCRI to which Article 40 of the Convention applies are:

- (a) the information referred to in Sections 5.3 (a), (b), (c), (d), (f) and (g), including, in the case of Section 5.3 (f), the electronic address of the primary obligor with respect to the obligation that is secured by the R-NCRI;

- (b) the name of the Contracting State under whose laws the R-NCRI has been conferred;
- (c) the category of R-NCRI, as listed in the declaration of the Contracting State specified in Section 5.4 (b), within which the relevant R-NCRI being registered falls;
- (d) the certification of the party named in the registration as the holder of the R-NCRI to which the registration relates, that (i) the R-NCRI has been validly conferred under the laws of the Contracting State specified in Section 5.4 (b), and (ii) all of the registration information being provided to effect the registration is accurate and complete;
- (e) the consent only of the holder of the R-NCRI, given under an authorization;
- (f) documentary evidence pertaining to the R-NCRI, in electronic format; and
- (g) the agreement of the party named in the registration as the holder of that R-NCRI that by effecting such registration it submits itself to the jurisdiction of the courts of the place in which the Registrar has its centre of administration in relation to legal action under Article 44 of the Convention with regard to the registration, and that it shall be liable to the Registrar for all costs incurred by the Registrar arising out of the legal action unless the validity of the registration is upheld.

The registering person of an R-NCRI registration must either hold, or be the administrator that is entitled to issue, an R-NCRI authorization.

5.4.1 The Registrar shall provide a copy of the documentary evidence submitted in connection with the registration of an R-NCRI as regards an object to any of the following upon request:

- (a) the primary obligor identified in that registration;
- (b) the holder of any other registered right or interest or the buyer in a registered sale relating to that object; or
- (c) any other person or entity that substantiates a potential adverse effect as a result of that registration to the reasonable satisfaction of the Registrar.

The foregoing shall not apply to the extent, in the Registrar's view, such provision of documentary evidence is prevented by applicable law.

Registration of a sale or prospective sale

5.5 The information required to effect the registration of a sale or a prospective sale is:

- (a) the information referred to in Sections 5.3 (a), (b), (c) and (f);
- (b) the consent of the named parties, given under an authorization; and
- (c) in the case of a prospective sale, the lapse date of the registration, if that registration is to lapse prior to the time of a discharge, and the information referred to in Section 5.3 (g).

Registration of an assignment

5.6 The information required to effect the registration of the assignment of an international interest, the prospective assignment of an international interest or the assignment of an R-NCRI is:

- (a) the information referred to in Sections 5.3 (a), (b), (c), (f) and (g);
- (b) the consent of the named parties, given under an authorization;

- (c) if the interest being assigned is a registered interest:
 - (i) the file number of the registration relating to that interest (in the case of the initial assignment); or
 - (ii) the file number of the registered assignment by which the assignor acquired its rights in that registered interest (in the case of all subsequent assignments); and
- (d) if the interest being assigned is not a registered interest:
 - (i) a description of the interest assigned and the original debtor thereunder, using the format prescribed by the Procedures (in the case of the initial assignment of an unregistered interest); or
 - (ii) the file number of the registered assignment by which the assignor acquired its rights in that registered interest (in the case of all subsequent assignments).

5.7 — removed

Discharge of a registration

5.8 The information required to discharge a registration, other than a registration relating to a sale is:

- (a) the information referred to in Sections 5.3 (a) and (f);
- (b) except as provided in Section 5.8.1, the consent of the named party or parties benefiting from the registered interest or the party holding the right to consent to the discharge of such interest, given under an authorization;
- (c) where a right of consent to discharge a registration has been transferred, the consent of the party having this right, given under an authorization; and

(d) the file number of the registration to be discharged.

5.8.1 The parties mentioned in Sections 5.8 (b) and (c) do not include the debtor, assignor, subrogor or person subordinating the registered interest, or the prospective seller in the case of a registration relating to a prospective sale.

5.8.2 The party or parties referred to in Section 5.8 (b) may electronically transfer to a registry user entity, with the consent of that entity, the sole right to consent to the discharge of such registration. Such sole right to consent to the discharge may be further transferred by a holder thereof to another registry user entity with the consent of the latter.

5.8.3 The party or parties benefiting from a registration, the party holding the right to consent to the discharge of a registration under Section 5.3 (g) or, if such right has been transferred, the transferee of such right, shall have the sole right to consent to the discharge of that registration.

5.8.4 The International Registry may provide a facility for entering an authorization code issued by an authorizing entry point in relation to the discharge of a registration. If an authorization code for a discharge is expressly required under the law of the Contracting State which is the State of registry at the time such registration is to be discharged, the party holding the right to consent to the discharge of such registration may enter the required authorization code.

5.8.5 From 6 June 2012, a discharge of a discharge is no longer possible. A discharge of a discharge does not re-effect the original registration.

Registration of a subordination

5.9 The information required to effect the registration of the subordination of an international interest, an assignment and prospective assignment of an international interest, a prospective international interest, a national interest, an interest acquired by subrogation, an R-

NCRI, the interest of a buyer under a sale or prospective sale, the interest of a lessee under a lease, or the interest of a buyer under a conditional sale is:

- (a) the information referred to in Sections 5.3 (a), (b), (c), (f) and (g), and, for the purposes of the foregoing reference to Section 5.3 (b) and for the purposes of Section 5.9 (b), the “named parties” shall be the registry user entities subordinating their interest and benefiting from that subordination;
- (b) the consent of the named party whose interest is being subordinated, given under an authorization;
- (c) if the interest being subordinated or benefiting from the subordination is a registered interest, and has not been assigned or acquired by subrogation, the file number relating to each such interest;
- (d) if the interest being subordinated or benefiting from the subordination is a registered interest that has been assigned, the file number of the registered assignment by which the party granting the subordination acquired its rights in that registered interest and, if applicable, the file number of the registered assignment by which the party benefiting from the subordination acquired its rights in the interest benefiting from the subordination;
- (e) if the interest being subordinated or benefiting from the subordination is a registered interest that was acquired by subrogation, the file number of the registered subrogation by which the party granting the subordination acquired its rights in that registered interest and, if applicable, the file number of the registered subrogation by which the party benefiting from the subordination acquired its rights in the interest benefiting from the subordination; and
- (f) if the interest being subordinated or benefiting from the subordination is not a registered interest, a description of

such interest and the original debtor thereunder, using the format prescribed by the Procedures.

Unilateral registration of a pre-existing right or interest

5.10 The information required to effect the registration of a pre-existing right or interest to which Article 60 of the Convention applies is:

- (a) the information referred to in Sections 5.3 (a), (b), (c), (d), (f) and (g);
- (b) the name of the Contracting State under whose laws the pre-existing right or interest was created or arose;
- (c) the certification of the party named in that registration as the holder of the pre-existing right or interest to which the registration relates, that (i) the pre-existing right or interest has been validly created or arose under the laws of the Contracting State specified in Section 5.10 (b), and (ii) all of the registration information being provided to effect the registration is accurate and complete; and
- (d) the consent only of the holder of the pre-existing right or interest, given under an authorization.

Amending a registration

5.11 Subject to Section 5.13, the information required to amend a registration (other than a registration of an R-NCRI) or to amend information contained in an assignment, subrogation or subordination is:

- (a) the information referred to in Sections 5.3 (a), (b), (c) and (f);
- (b) the consent of the named parties that consented to the registration to be amended, and, where a right of consent to discharge a registration has been transferred, the consent

of the party having this right in place of the immediate transferor, in each case given under an authorization;

- (c) the file number of the registration to be amended; and
- (d) the amendments to be made.

Amending a registration of an R-NCRI

5.12 Subject to Section 5.13, the information required to amend a registration of an R-NCRI is:

- (a) the information referred to in Section 5.4 (a);
- (b) the file number of the registration to be amended;
- (c) the amendments to be made; and
- (d) the certification required by Section 5.4 (d).

The registering person of an amendment of an R-NCRI registration must either hold, or be the administrator that is entitled to issue, an R-NCRI authorization.

Rules for amendments

5.13 The following shall apply in respect of amendments to and discharges of amendments to registrations:

- (a) registration of an amendment of information referred to in Section 5.3 (c) or a change of a category of registration shall be treated as a new registration in respect of the object or category to which the amending registration refers, with priority ranking from the time the amending registration is searchable. The named parties to such amendment shall consent to the discharge of the previous registration under an authorization, which shall be effected automatically;

- (b) registration of an amendment in which the information referred to in Section 5.3 (b) has been changed shall require the consent of the named parties that consented to that registration and of the named party to be specified in the amended registration, each given under an authorization;
- (c) registration of an amendment in which the information referred to in Section 5.3 (d) has been changed shall have no effect on the priority of the original registration for the amended duration of that registration. The foregoing is without prejudice as to whether a new underlying interest has been constituted that requires registration under the Convention; and
- (d) when a registration is discharged, the party consenting to that discharge shall be deemed to consent to the discharge of all amendments to that registration, which shall be effected automatically.

The consent requirements of Sections 5.13 (a) and (b) shall, in the case of an amendment of a registration of an R-NCRI, be limited to the party named in the registration as the holder of such R-NCRI.

Registering fractional or partial interests

5.14 Any registration may specify that:

- (a) it covers a fractional or partial interest in an aircraft object and, if so, the extent of such interest; and/or
- (b) multiple named parties hold or have granted an interest evidenced thereby.

Rules for fractional or partial interests

5.15 With respect to an interest referred to in Section 5.14 (a):

- (a) an increase or decrease to such interest arising by virtue of a sale or an assignment of an international interest shall be

registered as such in accordance with Section 5.5 or 5.6, respectively; and

- (b) a decrease in such an interest arising by virtue of payment of a secured obligation shall be partially or wholly discharged in accordance with Sections 5.8 to 5.8.4.

Entity name change

5.16 The International Registry may provide a facility for notice of a change of the name of a transacting user entity, where set out in a “name change notification request”. For purposes of the foregoing, a “change of name” means either that the transacting user entity has changed its name, that any rights and interests of the transacting user entity reflected on the International Registry have become vested in another transacting user entity as a result of a merger, a change in entity form or otherwise by operation of law, or that a correction is required due to an error in its name or to an administrative or technical error. In such a case:

- (a) the information required to submit a name change notification to the International Registry is:
 - (i) the name currently shown on the International Registry for the entity which is to be changed, and its other identity information;
 - (ii) the name which is to supersede the name being changed, and in any case where rights and interests reflected on the International Registry have vested in a different transacting user entity, the corresponding entity’s other identity information and contact information; and
 - (iii) the name and electronic signature of the relevant transacting user entity and a statement on whose behalf that person is acting, and in any case where

rights and interests reflected on the International Registry have vested in a different transacting user entity:

- (A) the name and electronic signature of such other transacting user entity and a statement on whose behalf that person is acting; and
 - (B) the election specified in Section 5.16 (c) (ii) (B);
- (b) the Registrar shall confirm that a name change notification request satisfies the requirements of this Section 5.16 following the standard set out in Section 4.1, and a name change shall take effect on the later of such confirmation by the Registrar and completion of the actions required in Section 5.16 (a) (iii);
- (c) when a name change takes effect:
- (i) all rights and interests reflected on the International Registry in which the transacting user entity specified in Section 5.16 (a) (i) is a named party shall, without amending registered information or registering an assignment of such rights and interests, be annotated to advise of the change of name, such annotation to be included in all priority search certificates; and
 - (ii) in any case where rights and interests reflected on the International Registry have vested in a different transacting user entity:
 - (A) the transacting user entity in which such rights and interests have vested shall retain its status as a transacting user entity for the purposes of the International Registry and all authorizations given or held by or on behalf of such transacting user entity shall remain in full force and effect; and

- (B) all authorizations given or held by or on behalf of the transacting user entity specified in Section 5.16 (a) (i) shall either remain in full force and effect or shall be extinguished, as elected by such transacting user entity; and
- (d) a name change shall have no effect on the validity or priority of any registration or other rights or interests.

The International Registry may provide a corresponding facility for notice of a change of name to a professional user entity or a government entity and for notice of a name change to a controlled entity.

The Registrar may reverse the name change and remove the name change history in cases where the Registrar satisfies itself that no such name change took place.

Correcting an error of the International Registry system

5.17 The Registrar may correct an error in a registration or a discharge or the chronological order of registrations, or discharge a registration, if such error has been created by a malfunction in the International Registry, provided that such correction or discharge shall be effective only from the time it is made, and shall have no effect on the priority of any other registration. If such correction or discharge would change the registered information which would otherwise appear on a priority search certificate, notice that such correction or discharge has been made by the Registrar shall appear on all priority search certificates relating to the subject aircraft object.

The Registrar shall promptly give notice of any such correction or discharge to the named parties in the original registration and, if different, the parties making that registration, other parties with registered interests in that aircraft object, and those who have conducted a priority search on that aircraft object since the time of the original registration.

Alternatively, the Registrar may request the named parties to the original registration to amend or discharge that registration, leave that

registration in place as registered, or, without limiting this Section 5.17, seek an order from a court with jurisdiction under Article 44 (1) of the Convention.

Discharge of a sale

5.18 A registration relating to a sale to which Article 25 (4) of the Convention applies may be discharged by the buyer or the seller with the consent of the other given under an authorization, provided that:

- (a) such discharge shall be effective only from the time it is made and shall have no effect on the priority of any other registration; and
- (b) the original registration and its discharge shall appear on all priority search certificates relating to the subject aircraft object.

Registering a subrogation

5.19 The information required to effect the registration of the acquisition of an international interest through subrogation is:

- (a) the information referred to in Sections 5.3 (a), (b), (c) and (f);
- (b) the consent only of the subrogee, given under an authorization;
- (c) if the interest being acquired by subrogation is a registered interest, the file number of the registration relating to that interest (in the case of the initial acquisition by subrogation of a registered interest), or if such interest has been assigned, the file number relating to such assignment; and
- (d) if the interest being acquired by subrogation is not a registered interest, a description of the interest acquired by subrogation and the original debtor thereunder, using the

format prescribed by the Procedures, or if such interest has been assigned, the file number relating to such assignment.

Unilateral registration of a notice of a national interest

5.20 The information required to effect the registration of a notice of a national interest to which Article 50 of the Convention applies is:

- (a) the information referred to in Sections 5.3 (a), (b), (c), (d), (f) and (g);
- (b) the name of the Contracting State under whose laws the national interest was created;
- (c) the certification of the party named in the registration as the holder of the national interest to which the registration relates, that (i) the national interest has been validly created under the laws of the Contracting State specified in Section 5.20 (b), and (ii) all of the registration information being provided to effect the registration is accurate and complete;
- (d) the consent only of the holder of the national interest, given under an authorization; and
- (e) documentary evidence pertaining to the national registration of the interest in electronic format.

5.20.1 The Registrar shall provide a copy of the documentary evidence submitted in connection with the registration of a notice of a national interest as regards an object to any of the following upon request:

- (a) the debtor identified in that registration;
- (b) the holder of any other registered right or interest or the buyer in a registered sale relating to that object; or
- (c) any other person or entity that substantiates a potential adverse effect as a result of that registration to the reasonable satisfaction of the Registrar.

The foregoing shall not apply to the extent, in the Registrar's view, such provision of documentary evidence is prevented by applicable law.

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5.21 The International Registry may provide a facility on its website permitting registry users to assemble the information required to effect a registration in advance of completing such registration and, in the case of multiple registrations in respect of one or more aircraft objects, to establish the chronological order of such registrations. The facility provided by the International Registry is CLOSING ROOM[®]. The Appendix to these Regulations describes CLOSING ROOM[®], including the conditions and procedures for:

- (a) assembling information prior to any registration taking effect;
- (b) entering registrations into the International Registry data base containing such information; and
- (c) making such registrations searchable, and establishing the order, date and time of receipt of such registrations by the International Registry;

and in the cases of (b) and (c) above, for the purposes of Articles 18 (4) and 19 of the Convention.

Section 6

CONFIRMATION AND NOTICE OF REGISTRATION

6.1 In this Section, the term "registration" includes, where appropriate, the amendment, extension or discharge of a registration or transfer of the right to consent to the discharge of a registration.

¹ The term CLOSING ROOM[®] is a registered trademark of Aviareto Limited.

6.2 The International Registry shall send prompt electronic confirmation of a registration to the named parties, the registering person and all other persons entitled to receive notice of that registration under Section 5. The receipt or non-receipt of such confirmation does not imply that the registration has or has not been effected, that fact being determinable solely by means of a priority search.

6.3 When a registration is effected relating to an aircraft object, an electronic notice thereof shall be sent to the named parties and registering person of any other registration which has not been discharged relating to that object.

6.4 The confirmation and notice referred to in Sections 6.2 and 6.3, respectively, shall include the registered information specified in Section 5 relating thereto and the file number of the registration.

6.5 Named parties may electronically elect not to receive the notices referred to in Section 6.3. Such elections shall require electronic signatures. Registry users may request not to receive electronic notices in respect of one or more aircraft objects.

Section 7

SEARCHES

7.1 Searches of the International Registry may be performed against:

- (a) a manufacturer's name;
- (b) a manufacturer's generic model designation; and
- (c) a manufacturer's serial number of an aircraft object.

Such information may be searched by means of a priority search or informational search, as set out in Sections 7.2 and 7.3, respectively. A Contracting State search and a registry user entity search may also be made, as set out in Sections 7.5 and 7.6, respectively. A self-search may

be made, as set out in Section 7.7. A search, other than a self-search pursuant to Section 7.7, may be performed by any person who complies with the Procedures, whether or not that searching person has a specific interest. A self-search of a particular transacting user entity (including any of its controlled entities) may be performed only by the administrator or replacement administrator of the entity in question where that administrator or replacement administrator complies with the Procedures. All searches shall be performed by electronic means.

7.2 A “priority search” is a search for registered information using the three criteria specified in Article XX (1) of the Protocol, as set out in Sections 7.1 (a) to (c). Such information is searchable for the purposes of Articles 19 (2) and 19 (6) of the Convention and Article XX (1) of the Protocol.

7.3 An “informational search” is an aircraft object search other than a priority search, using the criterion set out in Section 7.1 (c). The results of an informational search, an “informational search listing”, shall be a list of all matching aircraft objects, described by the item set out in Section 7.1 (c). The International Registry may offer, from time to time, such enhancements to the informational search listing as the Registrar considers appropriate to assist a searching person in organizing, sorting and viewing the data produced by the informational search. The facility to perform such an informational search does not make that information “searchable” for the purposes of Articles 19 (2) and 19 (6) of the Convention and Article XX (1) of the Protocol.

7.4 A “priority search certificate” is a certificate issued in response to a priority search. It shall:

- (a) set out the registered information required by Section 5 and comply with Article 22 (3) of the Convention;
- (b) in the case where Article 22 (2) (a) of the Convention applies, list the registered information in both:
 - (i) chronological order; and

- (ii) a manner that indicates the transactional history of each registered interest;
- (c) indicate the current holder of the right to consent to the discharge of a registration and set out in chronological order when that right has been transferred and the parties executing such transfer; and
- (d) set out the electronic address of each of the named parties to the registration and of the current holder of the right to consent to the discharge of such registration, such addresses in each case to be based upon the most current contact information provided to the International Registry.

7.5 A “Contracting State search” is a search for all declarations and designations, and withdrawals thereof, made under the Convention and the Protocol by the Contracting State specified in the search. A “Contracting State search certificate” is a certificate issued in response to a Contracting State search. A Contracting State search certificate shall:

- (a) indicate, in chronological order, the text of all declarations and designations, and withdrawals thereof, by the specified Contracting State; and
- (b) list the effective date of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession of the Convention and the Protocol, and of each declaration or designation, and withdrawal thereof, by the specified Contracting State.

7.6 A “registry user entity search” is a search for the registry user identity information and contact information (subject to such exclusions that the registry user entity has selected pursuant to Section 4.1). When conducted by a registry user, the search result shall indicate whether or not such registry user entity’s account is active. For the purposes of this Section 7.6, a registry user entity search shall include searches of controlled entities.

7.7 A “self-search” is a search against a particular transacting user entity and, optionally, against its controlled entities, that shall return a

priority search certificate for each aircraft object, or subset thereof, in which the transacting user entity or controlled entity is a named party. The searching party may limit the results by date, entity or as otherwise permitted on the International Registry website. An electronic notification will be sent to the relevant back-up contact each time a self-search is initiated.

7.8 Each search certificate and listing shall be issued and made available in printable electronic format. Upon request, a printed copy of a priority search certificate or Contracting State search certificate shall be provided by the Registrar.

The Registrar may also, at its discretion, when issuing a priority search certificate, provide supplementary priority search information, including:

- (a) an information table summarizing the registered information in accordance with Section 7.4 (a); or
- (b) the contents of the priority search certificate in a different electronic format, designed to be machine-readable.

Such supplementary priority search information, where provided, is for information purposes only to assist users in reviewing the registered information contained in the priority search certificate. Users must review all registered information contained in the priority search certificate and not just the information contained in the supplementary priority search information. In the case of inconsistency between the registered information contained in the priority search certificate and the supplementary priority search information, the registered information contained in the priority search certificate shall prevail. Any inconsistencies or inaccuracies discovered between the registered information contained in the priority search certificate and the supplementary priority search information should be reported to the Registrar within 72 hours of their receipt by the user.

Section 8

COMPLAINTS

8.1 Any person may submit a complaint to the Registrar concerning the operation of the International Registry. If not satisfactorily addressed by the Registrar, that complaint may be further submitted by that person to the Supervisory Authority. For the purposes of this Section 8.1:

- (a) a matter “concerns the operation of the International Registry” when the matter relates to the general procedures and policies of the International Registry and does not involve specific adjudication by the Registrar or Supervisory Authority.
- (b) a person making a complaint shall substantiate his/her assertions in writing.

8.2 The Supervisory Authority shall consider complaints made under Section 8.1, and where, on the basis of that consideration, it determines changes to the procedures or policies are appropriate, it shall so instruct the Registrar.

8.3 Any person adversely affected by a unilateral registration who reasonably believes that the registration does not meet the requirements of Section 5.4, 5.10 or 5.20 may submit a complaint to the Registrar. Where such adverse effect is substantiated to its reasonable satisfaction, the Registrar shall act in accordance with Section 14.5 of the Procedures.

Section 9

CONFIDENTIALITY

All information in the International Registry shall be confidential except where it is:

- (a) documentary evidence provided to the Registrar under these Regulations;

- (b) provided by the Registrar in response to a search under Section 7;
- (c) made electronically available to enable registry users to effect, amend or discharge registrations;
- (d) provided to the Supervisory Authority at the latter's request;
- (e) submitted by the Registrar in court proceedings under Article 44 of the Convention; or
- (f) used for the purposes of the statistics required by Section 10.

Section 10

STATISTICS

10.1 The Registrar shall maintain updated registration statistics and shall publish them in an annual report. This report shall be electronically accessible to any person.

10.2 The registration statistics under Section 10.1 shall consist of:

- (a) transactional volumes and revenues subdivided in each case by transaction type and geographic distribution; and
- (b) other compilations of non-confidential information requested by the Supervisory Authority.

Section 11

ANNUAL REPORT TO THE SUPERVISORY AUTHORITY

The Registrar shall prepare an annual report, including statistical data referred to in Section 10, and shall submit it to the Supervisory Authority.

Section 12

RELATIONS WITH THE ENTRY POINTS

12.1 A Contracting State may designate an entry point or entry points (“entry point”) under Article XIX (1) of the Protocol:

- (a) which shall or may authorize the transmission of information required for registration under the Convention and the Protocol to the International Registry (“authorizing entry point”); or
- (b) through which information required for registration under the Convention and the Protocol shall or may be directly transmitted to the International Registry (“direct entry point”).

In the case of a designation under Section 12.1 (a), all registrations made pursuant to Sections 5.3, 5.4, 5.5, 5.6, 5.9, 5.10, 5.19 and 5.20 from such entry point shall, subject to Section 12.8, and as further qualified in the following sentence, include the authorization code issued by the relevant Contracting State with respect to such registrations. Authorization codes are not required for registrations made pursuant to Sections 5.4 and 5.20 where the Contracting State confirmed under Sections 5.4 (b) or 5.20 (b), respectively, is not the relevant Contracting State.

Notwithstanding a designation under Section 12.1 (a), the registration of a discharge pursuant to Section 5.8 shall not require an authorization code.

12.2 A Contracting State may only designate a mandatory entry point in respect of airframes and helicopters for which it is the relevant Contracting State.

12.3 The Registrar shall obtain from the Depositary, and maintain, a current list of Contracting States with designated entry points, which shall be electronically accessible to users. The list shall indicate whether such an entry point is an authorizing or direct entry point as ascertained by the Registrar from those Contracting States.

12.4 A direct entry point shall transmit a registration when the conditions established by it have been satisfied, such conditions to be consistent with the Convention, the Protocol, and these Regulations, and the named parties in that registration are approved transacting user entities. Subject to the receipt by the International Registry of the consent from each party whose consent is required under the Convention, the Protocol and these Regulations, including, if so required, the named parties in the subject registration, a registration transmitted by a direct entry point shall be effected when received by the International Registry.

12.5 Without prejudice to Section 12.4, the Registrar shall establish arrangements applicable to the electronic transmission of registration information from, or authorized by, entry points to the International Registry and, after consultations with each designated entry point, shall specify the procedures applicable to that entry point. Such arrangements between an entry point and the International Registry shall not impose any additional cost on the International Registry and shall not adversely affect the functioning of the International Registry system or impose a burden on International Registry resources.

12.6 The International Registry shall provide an electronic warning against a registration that is not effected:

- (a) through a direct entry point where use thereof is mandatory; or

- (b) in accordance with procedures required by an authorizing entry point;

to the extent agreed between the International Registry and the Contracting State declaring that entry point.

12.7 Subject to Section 12.8, a registration is invalid if effected:

- (a) without an authorization code issued by the relevant Contracting State when such an authorization code is required by Section 12.1 (a); or
- (b) without transmission through the relevant Contracting State's direct entry point when such transmission is required by Section 12.1 (b).

12.8 A registration is not invalid if:

- (a) in the case of an authorizing entry point, an authorization code is not obtainable under its procedures; or
- (b) in the case of a direct entry point, use of that entry point is not permitted under its procedures;

based on the facts of the transaction to which it relates.

Section 13

FEES

13.1 The Registrar shall collect a fee prior to undertaking services relating to the International Registry.

13.2 Fees, including fees arising from operations through an entry point, must be paid to the Registrar prior to the requested operation unless otherwise agreed between the Registrar and such entry point.

13.3 Fees shall be collected according to a schedule issued by the Supervisory Authority, which shall state the amount of fees payable for each service.

13.4 Fees shall be established and adjusted by the Supervisory Authority, as required by the Convention and the Protocol.

Section 14

LIABILITY AND INSURANCE

14.1 For the purposes of Article 28 (1) of the Convention, “loss suffered” means loss or damage resulting from an error or omission of the Registrar and its officers and employees or from a malfunction of the international registration system, except as provided for by Article 28 of the Convention, but does not include loss or damage resulting from lack of access to the International Registry as a result of measures referred to in Section 3.4 of these Regulations.

14.2 Any claim against the Registrar under Article 28 (1) of the Convention:

- (a) shall be made in writing within the time period applicable under the law of the State where the International Registry is located;
- (b) shall be subject to consultations between the claimant and the Registrar; and
- (c) if not resolved by such consultations, may be pursued by the claimant in accordance with Article 44 of the Convention.

14.3 The Procedures shall set out details relating to the procedure contemplated by Section 14.2.

14.4 The amount of insurance or financial guarantee required under Article 28 (4) of the Convention and Article XX (5) of the Protocol shall be determined and may be revised by the Supervisory Authority.

Section 15

INTERNATIONAL REGISTRY PROCEDURES

15.1 Procedures addressing items required by these Regulations or otherwise relating to the technical operation and administrative processes of the International Registry shall be established by the Supervisory Authority and shall be complied with by all registry users, guest users and searching persons.

15.2 Without restricting their content, the Procedures shall set out the technical and administrative processes for:

- (a) effecting, amending and discharging registrations and making and obtaining copies of searches; and
- (b) obtaining the approvals and authorizations required to access the International Registry.

Section 16

PUBLICATION

16.1 The authentic version of these Regulations and the Procedures shall be published in an official publication of the Supervisory Authority.

16.2 The Registrar shall make an electronic version of the authentic texts referred to in Section 16.1, as may be amended as contemplated by Section 17, available to the public at no cost.

Section 17

AMENDMENTS

17.1 Requests for amendments to these Regulations or the Procedures may be submitted by the Registrar to the Supervisory Authority, which shall consider such amendments.

17.2 The authentic version of any amendments to these Regulations or the Procedures approved by the Supervisory Authority shall be published in an official publication of the Supervisory Authority.

17.3 The validity and priority of, and other rights and interests appurtenant to, a registration made in conformity with these Regulations and the Procedures as in effect at the time of such registration, and taking into account the functional capabilities of the International Registry at such time, shall not be affected by any subsequent change to such Regulations, Procedures or capabilities of the International Registry, and the provision of a facility that allows the parties to a registration to amend or otherwise modify a registration in order to conform to such changes shall not be construed as implying any obligation to effect any such amendment or modification.

17.4 The validity of any action taken by the Registrar in conformity with these Regulations and the Procedures as in effect at the time of such action, shall not be affected by any subsequent change to such Regulations or Procedures.

Section 18

EFFECTIVE DATES

Any amendments to these Regulations or the Procedures shall take effect one calendar month after the date of their publication unless otherwise determined by the Supervisory Authority.

Appendix

CLOSING ROOM[®]

(Section 5.21 of these Regulations)

1. General

1.1 The International Registry may include a facility permitting a registry user entity to create a folder that may be used to assemble the information required under these Regulations to effect one or more registrations in advance of completing such registrations. For the purposes of this Appendix, such information is referred to as a “prepositioned registration” or “prepositioned registrations”, and the action to assemble such information is referred to as an action to “preposition a registration” or to “preposition registrations”. The facility provided by the International Registry is CLOSING ROOM[®].

1.2 For the purposes of this Appendix, a registry user entity shall not include a government entity, an administrator shall not include the administrator of a government entity, and a registry user shall not include a government user.

1.3 Any folders created in the CLOSING ROOM[®] facility are not searchable for the purposes of Articles 18 (4) and 19 of the Convention. A prepositioned registration has no legal effect under the Convention or the Protocol until such time as such prepositioned registration has been entered into the International Registry data base in accordance with paragraph 7.2 of this Appendix. Once a prepositioned registration has been entered into the International Registry data base in accordance with paragraph 7.2, it shall be regarded as “registered” (as such term is defined in Article 1 (bb) of the Convention).

1.4 This Appendix describes the conditions and procedures for establishing a folder in the CLOSING ROOM[®] facility, assembling and managing the information required to preposition registrations in a folder, consenting to prepositioned registrations and releasing such

prepositioned registrations for entry into the International Registry data base so as to become registrations that are searchable and valid under the Convention and the Protocol.

2. Establishing a folder in the CLOSING ROOM[®] facility

2.1 A registry user entity may establish a CLOSING ROOM[®] folder by following the directions on the International Registry website.

2.2 The registry user entity who establishes a CLOSING ROOM[®] folder, the “coordinating entity”, shall have the responsibilities described in this Appendix.

2.3 Each CLOSING ROOM[®] folder shall have a unique identifier automatically assigned by the International Registry, the “CLOSING ROOM[®] folder ID”, and registry users may search for a CLOSING ROOM[®] folder on the International Registry website using the CLOSING ROOM[®] folder ID.

2.4 The coordinating entity may extinguish a CLOSING ROOM[®] folder at any time prior to taking the action described in paragraph 7.1.

3. Assembling and managing registrations via the CLOSING ROOM[®] facility

3.1 The coordinating entity shall be responsible for assembling and managing all the information required to preposition registrations in the CLOSING ROOM[®] folder. The registry users of the coordinating entity, and no other persons, will be entitled to enter or modify information in the CLOSING ROOM[®] folder. References in this Appendix to action by a coordinating entity shall mean action on its behalf by any of its registry users.

3.2 In order to preposition a registration, the coordinating entity must enter all of the information for that category of registration specified in the applicable section of these Regulations. For example, all the information specified in Section 5.3 of these Regulations shall be required to preposition a registration of an international interest. In addition, if any aircraft object is the subject of more than one

prepositioned registration, the coordinating entity shall specify the chronological order in which, when released, such prepositioned registrations are to be entered into the International Registry data base.

3.3 After the coordinating entity has completed assembling the information required to effect all of the prepositioned registrations to be included in the CLOSING ROOM[®] folder, following the directions on the International Registry website, it may suspend the ability to amend or enter further registration information (referred to as designating the CLOSING ROOM[®] folder as “locked”). The locked status of the CLOSING ROOM[®] folder will (a) initiate the actions described in paragraph 4.1, and (b) signify that all the information for the prepositioned registrations in the CLOSING ROOM[®] folder has been assembled and that the CLOSING ROOM[®] folder is available for each registry user entity whose consent is required under these Regulations to take one of the actions specified in paragraph 4.2.

3.4 A coordinating entity may at any time (whether or not a CLOSING ROOM[®] folder has been locked) provide any registry user entity and any registry user with “read only” access to such CLOSING ROOM[®] folder to read, but not modify, the information contained therein by following the directions on the International Registry website for identifying such persons and establishing such access. Once the CLOSING ROOM[®] folder is locked, each registry user entity whose consent to the registrations prepositioned in the CLOSING ROOM[®] folder is required under these Regulations, shall automatically have read only access to such CLOSING ROOM[®] folder. The registry user entities and registry users with access rights to the CLOSING ROOM[®] folder are referred to as the “CLOSING ROOM[®] participants”.

3.5 A coordinating entity may transfer its rights and responsibilities to another registry user entity as its replacement. Such a transfer shall take effect when the administrator for the transferee registry user entity gives its acceptance in the manner specified on the International Registry website, and shall have the effect specified in paragraphs 5.1 and 5.2.

4. Consenting to prepositioned registrations

4.1 When the coordinating entity designates the status of a CLOSING ROOM[®] folder as locked, the International Registry shall issue to the CLOSING ROOM[®] participants a notice:

- (a) identifying the coordinating entity;
- (b) providing access to the CLOSING ROOM[®] folder and setting forth the CLOSING ROOM[®] folder ID;
- (c) stating that the CLOSING ROOM[®] folder is available for each registry user entity whose consent is required under these Regulations to take the action specified in paragraph 4.2;
- (d) stating the period of time (as provided by paragraph 5.3) that the CLOSING ROOM[®] folder will remain accessible for the purpose of providing consent or reviewing information; and
- (e) attaching a “pre-registration report” that shows all prepositioned registrations, including the specified chronological order of any multiple registrations for an aircraft object.

4.2 After the notice described in paragraph 4.1 has been issued, each registry user entity whose consent is required under these Regulations may consent or decline to consent to such prepositioned registration by following the directions on the International Registry website.

4.3 A consent to a prepositioned registration may be revoked at any time prior to release of that prepositioned registration for entry into the International Registry data base, as described in paragraph 7.1.

4.4 A registry user entity who has declined to give a consent or has revoked a consent shall be entitled to reverse that action at any time prior

to the release of its prepositioned registration for entry into the International Registry data base, as described in paragraph 7.1.

4.5 Revoking an authorization under which a consent to a prepositioned registration was given, including an authorization provided to a professional user, will have the effect of revoking such consent. In order to reverse that action, the registry user entity must either consent to such prepositioned registration, or re-issue its authorization to another registry user entity who then consents to such prepositioned registration, with such action occurring in each case at any time prior to the release of such prepositioned registration for entry into the International Registry data base, as described in paragraph 7.1.

4.6 As provided in paragraph 7.1, none of the prepositioned registrations in a CLOSING ROOM[®] folder may be released into the International Registry data base unless all such prepositioned registrations have been consented to by or for each registry user entity whose consent is required by these Regulations, and such consents are in effect at the time that the coordinating entity issues a release instruction (as defined in paragraph 7.1).

5. Making changes to prepositioned registrations

5.1 Although a CLOSING ROOM[®] folder may not be modified while it is locked (except as provided in paragraph 8), the coordinating entity may make changes to the prepositioned registrations, whether on its initiative or in response to requests by CLOSING ROOM[®] participants, or transfer its responsibility as coordinating entity to another registry user entity, by following the directions on the International Registry website for reinstating the ability to change or enter further information (referred to as designating the CLOSING ROOM[®] folder as “unlocked”).

5.2 If a CLOSING ROOM[®] folder is unlocked, all consents to prepositioned registrations will be cancelled automatically, the CLOSING ROOM[®] folder will revert to the status described in paragraph 3, and the International Registry will issue a notice to all the CLOSING ROOM[®] participants advising that the CLOSING ROOM[®] folder has been unlocked and that the pre-registration report issued with

respect to the CLOSING ROOM[®] folder has lapsed. The coordinating entity may then change the prepositioned registrations and lock the CLOSING ROOM[®] folder with such changes in place, at which time the provisions of paragraphs 4.1 to 4.4 shall apply.

5.3 If the prepositioned registrations in a CLOSING ROOM[®] folder have not been released for entry into the International Registry data base, as described in paragraph 7.1, prior to the expiry of ten (10) calendar days following the date that the CLOSING ROOM[®] folder is locked, the CLOSING ROOM[®] folder shall become unlocked automatically, with the effect described in paragraph 5.2. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the coordinating entity may extend the locked period for a CLOSING ROOM[®] folder for ten (10) additional calendar days up to a maximum of eleven (11) times in succession. Notice of any such extension shall be issued to the CLOSING ROOM[®] participants by the International Registry.

6. Payment of fees

6.1 After a CLOSING ROOM[®] folder has been locked, and a release instruction under paragraph 7.1 has been issued, the coordinating entity shall pay the fees in respect of all prepositioned registrations in the CLOSING ROOM[®] folder.

6.2 Such payment shall be final if such prepositioned registrations are released for entry into the International Registry data base, as described in paragraph 7.1.

6.3 If such prepositioned registrations are not so released, the coordinating entity shall be entitled to a refund of such fees, less applicable third party payment processing expenses.

7. Entering prepositioned registrations into the International Registry data base

7.1 The coordinating entity may, by following the directions on the International Registry website, issue an instruction to the International Registry, a “release instruction”, to enter all the prepositioned registrations in the CLOSING ROOM[®] folder into the International

Registry data base in the chronological order specified in the pre-registration report and make them searchable for the purposes of Articles 18 (4) and 19 of the Convention when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- (a) the CLOSING ROOM[®] folder is locked;
- (b) all prepositioned registrations in the CLOSING ROOM[®] folder have been consented to by or for each registry user entity whose consent is required by these Regulations;
- (c) the fees referred to in paragraph 6.1 have been paid; and
- (d) if applicable, the special procedures and conditions described in paragraph 8 have been completed and satisfied.

7.2 Upon receipt of a release instruction, the International Registry shall cause all the prepositioned registrations in the CLOSING ROOM[®] folder to be entered into the International Registry data base in the chronological order specified in the pre-registration report and made searchable for the purposes of Articles 18 (4) and 19 of the Convention. When so entered into the International Registry data base, each of the prepositioned registrations and consents thereto shall be a “registration” and a “consent” to such registration, as such terms are defined in these Regulations, and each such registration shall be “registered” for the purposes of the Convention.

7.3 After the prepositioned registrations in the CLOSING ROOM[®] folder have been entered into the International Registry data base, the CLOSING ROOM[®] folder shall be extinguished. However, the Registrar shall retain a record of the pre-registration report. Any CLOSING ROOM[®] participant may obtain a copy of the pre-registration report by following the directions on the International Registry website.

7.4 The CLOSING ROOM[®] participants shall report to the Registrar within 72 hours from the issuance of the release instruction any discrepancies between the registrations that have been entered into the

International Registry data base and the pre-registration report. Any such discrepancies shall be subject to correction in accordance with Section 5.17 of these Regulations.

8. Special conditions and procedures applicable to entry points

8.1 The foregoing conditions and procedures are modified as set forth in this paragraph 8 with respect to any prepositioned registrations that are subject to Section 12.1 of these Regulations relating to entry points.

8.2 For the purposes of compliance with Sections 12.1 (a) and 12.7 of these Regulations with respect to an authorizing entry point, the coordinating entity may enter the authorization code for any prepositioned registration to which those Sections apply at any time prior to issuing the release instruction, notwithstanding that the CLOSING ROOM® folder has been locked. If any of the prepositioned registrations in a CLOSING ROOM® folder require an authorization code pursuant to such Sections, the required authorization codes must be entered before the release instruction is issued.

8.3 For the purposes of compliance with Sections 12.1 (b), 12.4 and 12.7 with respect to a direct entry point, issuing the release instruction with respect to any prepositioned registration to which those Sections apply shall require the prior authorization of the direct entry point, given in accordance with the directions on the International Registry website. If any prepositioned registration in a CLOSING ROOM® folder must be transmitted to the International Registry by the direct entry point pursuant to such Sections, the required authorization by the direct entry point must be given before the release instruction is issued. The term “registry user entity” shall not, for the purposes of paragraphs 2.1 and 2.2, include a direct entry point.

8.4 The obligation to enter an authorization code, as described in paragraph 8.2, and the obligation to obtain the authorization of a direct entry point, as described in paragraph 8.3, are both subject to Section

12.8 of these Regulations, relating to circumstances in which an authorization code is not obtainable or the use of an entry point is not permitted.

PROCEDURES

Section 1

AUTHORITY

(Section 15 of the Regulations)

These “Procedures” are issued by the Supervisory Authority of the International Registry under the Convention on International Interests in Mobile Equipment, signed at Cape Town on 16 November 2001 (the “Convention”), the Protocol to the Convention on International Interests in Mobile Equipment on Matters specific to Aircraft Equipment, signed at Cape Town on 16 November 2001 (the “Protocol”), and the Regulations for the International Registry (the “Regulations”). They address administrative items required by the Regulations as conditions to use of the International Registry or otherwise relating to the technical operation and administrative processes of the International Registry.

Section 2

DEFINITIONS

Terms defined in the Convention, the Protocol, and the Regulations shall have the same meaning in these Procedures. In addition, the following terms shall have the meaning set out below:

- (a) “Approval” means either:
 - (i) an electronic approval, by the Registrar, of an entity as a registry user entity and/or of a person as that registry user entity’s administrator, in accordance with Section 10 below; or
 - (ii) an electronic approval, by the administrator, of a person as a registry user of such registry user entity, in

accordance with Section 11 below, and “approve” and “approved” shall be construed accordingly.

- (b) “Authentication factor” means a factor confirmed as being bound to a person.
- (c) “Confirmation” means an electronic confirmation provided in accordance with Section 6 of the Regulations.
- (d) “Digital certificate” means a digital certificate for use on the International Registry, issued by the Registrar or an administrator in accordance with these Procedures and the Public Key Infrastructure (PKI) Policy Documentation.
- (e) “Final consent” means the consent of the last of the named parties whose consent is required under Article 20 of the Convention in relation to a registration, amendment or discharge.
- (f) “PKI Policy Documentation” means the Certificate Policy, the Subscriber Agreement, the Relying Party Agreement, the PKI Disclosure Statement and the Certification Practice Statement, as displayed on the website.
- (g) “Website” means the website that provides the public interface of the International Registry and associated content provided by the Registrar under the Uniform Resource Locator (URL):

www.internationalregistry.aero.

Section 3

FUNCTIONS OF THE REGISTRAR

(Section 3 of the Regulations)

The Registrar shall operate the International Registry and perform the functions assigned to it by the Convention, the Protocol and the Regulations.

Section 4

FUNCTIONS OF THE REGISTRY USER ENTITY

(Section 4 of the Regulations)

For the purpose of using the International Registry, the following functions fall within the scope of responsibility of each registry user entity:

- (a) the proper selection and appointment of its administrator;
- (b) any actions of its administrator, including any acting administrator, and of its registry users taken in relation to the International Registry, which shall be deemed to have been duly authorized by that registry user entity;
- (c) the accuracy of the data transmitted to the International Registry on its behalf;
- (d) requesting, through its “back-up contact” referred to in Section 5.12 below, that the Registrar revoke the approval of the administrator acting on behalf of a registry user entity if the administrator ceases to be employed by that registry user entity or otherwise ceases to be authorized to act on its behalf; and
- (e) abiding by the applicable terms and conditions in place from time to time governing access to and use of the

International Registry. The applicable terms and conditions can be accessed on the website.

Section 5

FUNCTIONS OF THE ADMINISTRATOR OF A REGISTRY USER ENTITY

(Section 4 of the Regulations)

5.1 An administrator shall be duly appointed by each registry user entity, with authority to act on its behalf for the purposes of the International Registry, and such authority shall be represented during the approval process.

5.2 An administrator should hold appropriate formal professional qualifications commensurate with the requirements of the functions of administrator.

5.3 Each registry user entity may have only one administrator at any given time.

5.4 The administrator of a transacting user entity, who has been approved by the Registrar, is automatically authorized to effect, amend, discharge or consent to registrations in which that entity is a named party, and to transfer the right to consent to the discharge of registrations in which that entity is a named party.

5.5 An administrator shall keep secure all authentication factors that allow access to the International Registry and its electronic signing services.

5.6 Where an administrator electronically delegates his/her powers to an acting administrator in accordance with Section 4.1 of the Regulations, that acting administrator shall be deemed to be the administrator for the purposes of these Procedures.

5.7 An administrator may electronically approve a registry user to act on behalf of a registry user entity in accordance with Section 4.2 of the Regulations.

5.8 An administrator shall, for the entity or natural person for whom he/she acts, through the website:

- (a) keep his/her contact information up to date and ensure each registry user keeps his/her electronic address and other details up to date;
- (b) promptly revoke the approval of a registry user representing such registry user entity in the event that such registry user leaves the employment of, is no longer entitled to act for, or otherwise ceases to be associated with, such registry user entity; and
- (c) promptly revoke the authorization of a registry user representing such registry user entity in the event that such registry user is no longer authorized to effect, amend, discharge or consent to one or more registrations in which that entity is a named party.

5.9 In the event that an administrator is to leave the employment of the registry user entity on whose behalf he/she is authorized to act or if there is to be a change of administrator, the administrator shall electronically notify the Registrar thereof in a timely fashion. Should the registry user entity wish to appoint a replacement administrator for the remainder of the unexpired subscription term, such appointment shall be subject to a “replacement administrator fee”.

5.10 The administrator of a registry user entity shall have the authority, through the website, to block and/or disable the user account of any registry user representing his/her registry user entity. It is the administrator’s responsibility to take such action promptly in the event of a security breach relating to any such registry user’s user account, of which he/she has actual knowledge, including but not limited to compromise of such registry user’s electronic identity, access rights or authentication factors.

5.11 The administrator of a registry user entity shall notify the Registrar of any security breach (for example, a breach compromising electronic identity, access rights or authentication factors), of which he/she has actual knowledge, that is expected to result in unauthorized registrations or access. If the security breach relates to a registry user account, the administrator may block and/or disable the account.

5.12 If the account of an administrator is subject to a security breach that could reasonably be expected to result in unauthorized access to and use of the International Registry, the Registrar and the registry user entity shall cooperate to expeditiously take corrective action appropriate under the circumstances. A registry user entity shall designate a “back-up contact” for these purposes.

5.13 On notification of a security breach, the Registrar may block and/or disable any user account.

5.14 The Registrar may make such reasonable identity checks of a proposed administrator as the Registrar considers necessary in relation to that person undertaking such function. The Registrar may make similar checks of a registry user, where deemed necessary by the Registrar.

5.15 The administrator has sole responsibility for the selection of his/her registry user entity’s registry users and for ensuring that only persons who are duly authorized to act on behalf of his/her registry user entity are appointed as registry users from time to time.

Section 6

FUNCTIONS OF THE REGISTRY USER

(Section 4 of the Regulations)

6.1 No person other than an administrator of a transacting user entity or a professional user entity may effect, amend, discharge or consent to registrations with the International Registry until he/she has been approved as a registry user by the administrator of the transacting

user entity or the professional user entity that such person represents.

6.2 No registry user may transmit information to the International Registry to effect, amend or discharge a registration in respect of an aircraft object unless such registry user has first received authorization to do so in relation to such aircraft object either:

- (a) in the case of a transacting user, from the administrator of the transacting user entity that represents it; or
- (b) in the case of a professional user, from the administrator of the transacting user entity being such professional user's client.

6.3 Each registry user shall keep secure all authentication factors that allow access to the International Registry and its electronic signing services.

6.4 Each registry user shall notify his/her respective administrator of any security breach (for example, a breach compromising electronic identity, access rights or authentication factors), of which he/she is aware, that is expected to result in unauthorized registrations or access.

6.5 Each registry user acknowledges that his/her respective administrator may make such identity checks as the Registrar considers necessary in connection with such registry user's access to the International Registry.

Section 7

ACCESS TO THE INTERNATIONAL REGISTRY *(Section 4 of the Regulations)*

7.1 The International Registry can be accessed via the Internet under the URL:

www.internationalregistry.aero.

7.2 The International Registry will initially be available in English only. It is envisaged that other languages will be added when the necessary financial means are available, taking into account the implications thereof as well as advantages for users.

7.3 To access the International Registry, an administrator, registry user, guest user or a searching person requires access to the Internet with a compatible browser(s), as specified on the website. Each such person shall establish his/her own arrangements for:

- (a) access to the Internet; and
- (b) contracting with, and paying the fees of, any third party Internet service provider.

The International Registry extends only to the access point to the Internet located at the Registrar's hosting location.

7.4 The International Registry shall be accessible 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, except if precluded by maintenance performed outside peak periods, or technical or security problems. Advance notice of any interruption in access, and expected resumption of service, shall, to the maximum extent practicable, be provided via the website.

7.5 Access to the International Registry is conditioned on:

- (a) following the steps and procedures provided on the website, including acceptance of the website terms and conditions and of the PKI Policy Documentation;
- (b) paying, in advance, the fees set and published by the Supervisory Authority, and posted on the website; and
- (c) the agreement of a registry user, at the time of issuance or renewal of his/her account, to the terms of the Regulations and these Procedures and any amendments thereof.

7.6 If an administrator's or a registry user's password is entered incorrectly, that person shall be given the opportunity to re-enter the

password or terminate the action. If there are three failed attempts to enter the correct password, the corresponding user account will be blocked until contact has been made with the help desk and the issue giving rise to the failure has been corrected.

Section 8

ENTRY POINTS

(Section 12 of the Regulations)

8.1 The Registrar shall establish arrangements applicable to the electronic transmission of registered information from, or authorized by, entry points to the International Registry designated under Article XIX (1) of the Protocol and Section 12 of the Regulations and, after consultations with each designated entry point, shall specify the arrangements applicable to that entry point. The arrangements applicable, designed to enhance the efficient use of the International Registry by entry points, shall be published on the website.

8.2 All transacting users and professional users making registrations through a designated entry point or entry points under Article XIX (1) of the Protocol shall comply with the arrangements referred to in the preceding Section 8.1.

Section 9

HELP DESK AND TECHNICAL SUPPORT

(Section 3.5 of the Regulations)

9.1 To access the technical support function of the International Registry, any person may email or call the help desk, as specified on the website. It is recommended that the “help” pages of the website and email be used, where possible. Any person communicating with the help desk via email is requested to:

- (a) specify the nature of the problem or question;

- (b) provide his/her full name and company name;
- (c) identify which type of user he/she is (e.g. administrator, registry user, guest user or searching person); and
- (d) provide a main contact telephone number.

The Registrar may, to the extent consistent with applicable privacy law, verify the identity of all callers and log and record all calls to the help desk.

9.2 The terms of Section 3.4 of the Regulations and Section 7.4 of these Procedures shall apply to:

- (a) the hours of operation of the help desk, and exceptions thereto; and
- (b) notice of interruption and resumption of access to the help desk and its services.

9.3 The initial working languages of the help desk will be English, French and Spanish. It is envisaged that other languages will be added when the necessary financial means are available, taking into account the implications thereof as well as advantages for users.

9.4 Help desk response times will depend on demand and cannot therefore be guaranteed.

9.5 The help desk is for technical support only and cannot provide support on other matters, including legal questions. The help desk cannot respond to queries concerning an administrator's, a registry user's, a guest user's or a searching person's:

- (a) computer or network system;
- (b) system security policies;
- (c) Internet access, including its connectivity and performance; or

- (d) browser.

Section 10

SIGN-UP AND APPROVAL — REGISTRY USER ENTITY AND ADMINISTRATOR *(Section 4 of the Regulations)*

10.1 In connection with approvals under Section 4.1 of the Regulations, the proposed administrator of a proposed registry user entity shall complete and electronically submit to the Registrar, through the website, the form for approval of:

- (a) a registry user entity; and
- (b) an administrator of that entity.

Information designated as mandatory on the form shall be provided. Information designated as optional on the form may be provided. Names of organizations and persons must be their correct legal names. In exceptional cases (e.g. where the space on the form is insufficient), prior approval of the Registrar for using a name other than the correct legal name must be sought by email. A proposed registry user entity shall also electronically submit to the Registrar confirmation that a proposed administrator is entitled to act in that capacity. At the specific request of the Registrar, such confirmation shall be provided in hardcopy on the entity's letterhead. Such confirmations must be signed in a manner acceptable to the Registrar. All applications for approval shall include acceptance of the Regulations and these Procedures, of the PKI Policy Documentation and of the website terms and conditions governing the access to and use of the International Registry.

10.2 All applications for approval must be accompanied by full payment (using only payment methods that are permitted by the Registrar from time to time) of the appropriate non-refundable fee, together with any applicable tax, if required by law. The proposed administrator will be presented with a summary of the amount (in U.S.

dollars) to be paid and prompted to enter the required payment details. Once such payment details have been submitted and validated, payment will be taken from the relevant account and that person will be presented with a confirmation screen and the option to save a digital copy of the invoice.

10.3 All applications for approvals will be acknowledged to the email address provided on the submitted application form.

10.4 The proposed administrator shall promptly reply to requests for additional information from the Registrar in connection with the approval process. Such requests, made at the sole discretion of the Registrar, shall be consistent with applicable privacy law.

10.5 If satisfied with the information provided, the Registrar shall issue to the proposed administrator, in electronic form, the Registrar's approval.

10.6 The Registrar shall issue its approval (if given) as soon as is reasonably practicable and will endeavour to complete the approval process within 48 hours of receipt of the application.

10.7 Once the Registrar has issued its approval, the administrator shall test his/her ability to access the website.

10.8 The Registrar shall not approve a registry user entity or an administrator where the Registrar believes that the requirements of Section 4.1 of the Regulations have not been met. In such a case, the Registrar, if requested in writing shall:

- (a) specify in writing, via email, the reasons why such requirements have not been met; and
- (b) provide the applicant with a reasonable opportunity to take corrective action.

If not corrected, at the sole discretion of the Registrar, the application shall be declined. Refusal of an application shall not prevent an applicant from making a subsequent application for approval, provided that the

requirements of these Procedures are fully complied with in respect thereto, and payment of the appropriate fee together with any applicable tax is made.

10.9 The fee for issuing a replacement digital certificate shall be borne by the registry user entity. A person seeking a replacement digital certificate shall apply to the Registrar and follow the instructions specified on the website.

10.10 The Registrar may suspend or revoke the approval, or disable or block the account, of a registry user entity's administrator or user at any time when:

- (a) in its view, there exists a material risk of fraudulent registrations or other misuse, including the misuse of information referred to in Section 3.7 of the Regulations;
- (b) the registry user entity's administrator or user fails to renew his/her account in accordance with the Regulations and these Procedures;
- (c) the registry user entity's administrator or user, or a transacting user that is under that entity's control or under common control with it, has failed to perform its agreement pursuant to Section 5.4 (g) of the Regulations to pay the Registrar's costs within 21 calendar days following a demand by the Registrar for such payment; or
- (d) in the case of a government entity administrator or user conducting searches on the International Registry, a search is not conducted in compliance with Section 13.6 of these Procedures, or is automated, or the volume of searches conducted has, or could have, a material adverse effect on the efficient operation of the International Registry.

In any such case, the Registrar and the registry user entity shall take all reasonable steps to cooperate to expeditiously take corrective action appropriate under the circumstances; the back-up contact designated under Section 5.12 may be used as required.

The Registrar shall inform the Supervisory Authority when it takes an action under this Section 10.10 in response to paragraph (a), (c) or (d).

The Registrar may review a decision to take an action under this Section 10.10 in response to paragraph (a), (c) or (d) upon receipt of additional information.

Section 11

SIGN-UP AND APPROVAL — REGISTRY USER *(Section 4 of the Regulations)*

In connection with the approval of registry users under Section 4.2 of the Regulations and Section 5.7 of these Procedures, a proposed registry user seeking to act on behalf of an approved registry user entity shall apply through the website, requesting electronic approval from the administrator of that registry user entity. The administrator shall electronically indicate his/her acceptance or rejection of such application through the website.

Section 12

EFFECTING, AMENDING AND DISCHARGING REGISTRATIONS *(Sections 5 and 6 of the Regulations)*

12.1 To effect, amend or discharge a registration, or transfer the right to consent to the discharge of a registration, a registering person shall:

- (a) follow the relevant process and instructions specified on the website; and
- (b) complete the electronic forms contained on the website, with the relevant information, including all registered information required by Section 5 of the Regulations.

Provided object identification information shall be used by a registering person, as required by Section 5 of the Regulations. To the extent such information is not provided, registered information shall be inserted by a registering person following the instructions specified on the website.

12.2 The Registrar shall draw the attention of users to the application of Section 5.2 of the Regulations and the terms of the notice and disclaimer each time a user makes use of provided object identification information and supplemental object identification materials.

12.3 For the purposes of Article 18 (1) (a) of the Convention, prior electronic transmission of any consent from any person whose consent is required under Article 20 of the Convention shall be provided by means of an electronic signature.

Each named party required to consent under Article 20 of the Convention in order for a registration, amendment, discharge, or transfer of the right to consent to a discharge, to become effective shall be electronically requested to consent thereto, in accordance with Article 18 (1) (a) of the Convention, prior to that registration, amendment, discharge, or transfer of the right to consent to a discharge, becoming searchable. Once a registering person has entered all the relevant registered information on the website and has electronically signed it, each named party identified in the registration:

- (a) will be notified thereof by email; and
- (b) shall be given the opportunity to consent thereto, through the website, for a period of 36 hours.

In the event that any such named party fails to give its consent within the 36-hour period, the registration, amendment, discharge, or transfer of the right to consent to a discharge, will be automatically aborted.

12.4 Upon receipt of the final consent, the International Registry shall automatically issue a confirmation thereof by email to all parties entitled to receive a confirmation thereof under Section 6 of the Regulations, provided that the email addresses of all such parties have previously been provided.

12.5 The administrator of a transacting user entity may, at his/her sole discretion, authorize one or more of his/her approved transacting users or professional users to effect, amend or discharge a registration, and to transfer the right to consent to the discharge of a registration. The authorization may cover one or more aircraft objects. Several users with the same registry user entity may be authorized to work on the same aircraft object or objects. An administrator may, at any time, revoke an authorization he/she has given and grant further authorizations to qualifying registry users. The administrator of a professional user entity may renounce the authorizations granted to all the users of that entity on their behalf.

12.6 Upon receipt of a confirmation, any named party wishing to ensure that the respective entry has been correctly made may undertake a priority search.

12.7 Initiated, but not completed, registrations, amendments or discharges shall not appear on any search results.

Section 13

MAKING SEARCHES AND OBTAINING SEARCH RESULTS *(Section 7 of the Regulations)*

13.1 Any person may, following payment of the required fee, search the International Registry, and that searching person shall:

- (a) follow the relevant process and instructions specified on the website; and
- (b) complete the electronic forms contained on the website, with the relevant information required by Section 7 of the Regulations.

13.2 The object of an informational search is to provide the searching person with sufficient information to perform a priority search.

13.3 An informational search listing shall be made available in electronic form to the person undertaking the search. For the avoidance of doubt, an informational search will not generate a search certificate. The Registrar shall not be liable in respect of the content of an informational search listing.

13.4 In making a priority search or a Contracting State search, the searching person shall state the name of the person or persons having the benefit of the search. The name of such person or persons shall appear on the priority search certificate or the Contracting State search certificate, as the case may be. Beneficiaries may include:

- (a) parties entering into, planning or forbearing from commercial transactions involving a named party of an aircraft object; or
- (b) parties providing legal or other professional advice to, or insuring, the parties specified in Section 13.4 (a).

13.5 Priority search certificates and Contracting State search certificates shall be electronically signed by the Registrar and must be so signed in order to be valid. They shall be stored electronically by the Registrar. An electronic version thereof shall be issued and made available to the searching person. A printed version of either such certificate shall be made available upon payment of the required fee.

13.6 There shall be no fee for priority searches conducted by a government entity for regulatory or administrative purposes or at the request of a court. Priority searches conducted by a government entity for any other purpose shall be subject to the applicable fee, in accordance with Table 1 of the Appendix to these Procedures.

13.7 The object of a registry user entity search is to facilitate users of the International Registry in applying for accounts, making registrations, and requesting and granting authorizations to make registrations, and for no other purpose.

13.8 The object of a self-search is to allow a transacting user entity (including any of its controlled entities), through its administrator, to

generate priority search certificates for all aircraft objects, or a subset thereof, in which it is a named party. A self-search shall be made available only to the administrator of the transacting user entity or the controlled entity upon which it is performed.

Section 14

COMPLAINTS

(Section 8 of the Regulations)

14.1 In accordance with Section 8 of the Regulations, any person may submit a complaint to the Registrar under Section 8.1 or 8.3 of the Regulations through the “complaints” section of the website or by email as specified on the website. The receipt of a complaint shall be promptly acknowledged by the Registrar.

14.2 Each complaint shall include a written statement containing full details of the facts said to give rise to the complaint.

14.3 The Registrar shall respond to the complaint or state why it is not able to do so, within 15 calendar days of receipt of the complaint or, if later, receipt of the full facts statement. The Registrar shall transmit to the Supervisory Authority a copy of the complaint and the Registrar’s response.

14.4 Where a complaint is made under Section 8.1 of the Regulations:

- (a) if, within 30 calendar days of making the complaint, the person does not consider that the complaint has been or is being satisfactorily addressed by the Registrar, that person may submit the complaint to the Supervisory Authority (with a copy to the Registrar) for further consideration. Submission of the complaint to the Supervisory Authority shall be made stating the full facts of the case either by email or by letter or facsimile to:

International Civil Aviation Organization
Supervisory Authority of the International Registry
c/o Legal Affairs and External Relations Bureau
999 Robert-Bourassa Boulevard
Montréal, Quebec
Canada H3C 5H7
Fax: +1 514-954-8032
Email: LEB@icao.int;

- (b) if the Supervisory Authority determines that changes to the procedures or policies of the International Registry are appropriate, it will instruct the Registrar to make such changes.

14.5 Where a complaint meets the requirements of Section 8.3 of the Regulations:

- (a) the Registrar may contact the registering party and, where different, the named party listed as the holder of the unilateral registration, to request additional information relating to:
 - (i) whether the requirements of Section 5.4, 5.10 or 5.20 have been met;
 - (ii) the complaint and its subject registration; or
 - (iii) the Registrar's evaluation of such complaint;

and the response shall be provided to the Registrar within 5 calendar days;

- (b) the Registrar may, if it deems necessary for the purpose of its evaluation, seek information relating to the registration from the relevant entry point;
- (c) where, upon review of the documentary evidence and other relevant information received under the Regulations and these Procedures, the Registrar determines there exists a

material risk of misuse of the system, it may take action in accordance with Section 10.10;

- (d) the Registrar may make all correspondence and evidence in relation to a complaint under Section 8.3 of the Regulations available to a court.

No complaint under Section 8.3 of the Regulations may be submitted to the Supervisory Authority.

Section 15

CLAIMS AGAINST THE REGISTRAR

(Section 14 of the Regulations)

15.1 Claims may be brought against the Registrar under Article 28 of the Convention for loss suffered as defined in Section 14 of the Regulations. In accordance with Article 28 (2), the Registrar shall not be liable for factual inaccuracy of registered information received by the Registrar or transmitted by the Registrar in the form in which it received that information nor for acts or circumstances for which the Registrar and its officers and employees are not responsible and arising prior to receipt of registered information at the International Registry.

15.2 All such claims shall be notified in writing to the Registrar by email or facsimile, and by post at:

Aviareto Ltd.
Suite 5
Plaza 255
Corporate Park 2
Blanchardstown
Dublin 15
D15 XF7T, Ireland
Email: registryofficials@aviareto.aero
Fax.: +353 (0)1 829 3508;

and shall include a full statement of the facts giving rise to the claim pursuant to Article 28 of the Convention. Such statement shall be provided to the Registrar within three (3) months of the person becoming aware of the existence of the claim.

15.3 All such claims shall be subject to a consultation period during which the claimant and the Registrar will in good faith attempt to resolve the claim. The consultation period shall be three (3) months from the date the Registrar receives notification of the claim, or the statement of facts (if later). The three-month period may be extended by mutual agreement of the parties.

15.4 If, following the consultation period, the claim has not been resolved, the parties are encouraged to engage in mediation, conciliation, arbitration or other dispute resolution process, but the claimant may, subject to the procedural requirements of the applicable law, commence proceedings against the Registrar in accordance with Articles 28 and 44 of the Convention.

15.5 Nothing in these Procedures shall:

- (a) operate to extend any limitation period applicable under the applicable law; or
- (b) affect a party's right to commence proceedings where otherwise a limitation period would expire.

Section 16

CONFIDENTIALITY *(Section 9 of the Regulations)*

The Registrar shall keep all information in the International Registry confidential, except where it is:

- (a) documentary evidence provided to the Registrar under the Regulations;

- (b) provided in response to a priority search, a Contracting State search, an informational search or a registry user entity search, or made electronically available to enable registry users to effect, amend or discharge registrations;
- (c) requested under Article 27 (5) of the Convention, or provided to the Supervisory Authority at the latter's request;
- (d) submitted by the Registrar in court proceedings under Article 44 of the Convention; or
- (e) used for the purposes of the statistics required by Section 10 of the Regulations for the International Registry.

Section 17

NOTIFICATIONS

The Registrar may notify an administrator or a registry user entity, by email to the current email address provided by or for that person, of any matters affecting the International Registry. Any such notification shall be presumed to have been received 24 hours after it was sent.

Section 18

FEEES

(Section 13 of the Regulations)

All applicable fees shall be paid in advance. The current fee schedule is set out in the Appendix to these Procedures and may be adjusted from time to time by the Supervisory Authority, as provided by the Convention and the Protocol.

Section 19

PUBLICATION

(Section 16 of the Regulations)

19.1 The authentic version of these Procedures shall be published in an official publication of the Supervisory Authority.

19.2 The Registrar shall make an electronic version of these Procedures, as may be amended, available to the public at no cost by publishing it on the website.

Section 20

AMENDMENTS

(Section 17 of the Regulations)

20.1 Requests for amendments to these Procedures may be submitted by the Registrar to the Supervisory Authority, which shall consider such amendments.

20.2 The authentic version of any amendments to these Procedures approved by the Supervisory Authority shall be published in an official publication of the Supervisory Authority.

Section 21

EFFECTIVE DATES

(Section 18 of the Regulations)

Any amendments to these Procedures shall take effect one calendar month after the date of their publication unless otherwise determined by the Supervisory Authority.

Appendix

Fee Schedule

1. FEES FOR USING THE INTERNATIONAL REGISTRY

User set-up fee

1.1 No person may register with the International Registry without having paid a “user set-up fee”.

1.2 The user set-up fee in respect of a controlled entity, a “controlled entity set-up fee”, shall be payable upon approval of the controlled entity by the administrator of an approved transacting user entity.

1.3 User set-up fees are set out in Table 1. These fees include a fee for a digital certificate or access thereto. In the event that such a certificate is lost or destroyed, or in the event of loss of access thereto, a new certificate will be supplied on payment of a “lost certificate fee” as set out in Table 1.

Registration fee

1.4 A single registration fee shall be charged for all registrations initiated by the same registering party during a “registration session”, defined to mean one session with the International Registry permitting “all registrations” relating to:

- (a) one airframe and all engines regularly used thereon (or any subset thereof or any individual engine); or
- (b) one helicopter.

For this purpose, “all registrations” means all registrations reflecting transactions, including a transfer of the right to consent to a discharge, or an amendment or a discharge relating to the object or objects set out in paragraph 1.4 (a) or (b) entered into within a period of 24 hours from the time of the initiation of the registration session, including those reflecting different or multiple types of registrations permitted under the Convention and the Protocol without limitation in number (e.g. an international interest (leasing agreement), a second international interest (security agreement), a third international interest (a second security agreement), subordination (of the second international interest to the first), and an assignment of one or more of the international interests). A “registration session” will last for 24 hours for the purposes of the “registration fee”.

1.5 That single registration fee shall be defined as the “registration fee”, the amount of which is set out in Table 1.

1.6 Spare engines (i.e. further engines beyond the number normally fitted to an airframe) that are to be registered with an airframe during a single registration session will be subject to an additional “spare engine fee”, the amount of which is set out in Table 1.

Priority search fee

1.7 A “priority search fee” for each priority search certificate is set out in Table 1.

1.7.1 A “priority search machine-readable format fee” for each priority search certificate in machine-readable format is set out in Table 1.

Entity name change fee

1.8 An “entity name change fee” shall apply for each submitted name change notification request.

Table 1. Fees

<i>Description</i>	<i>Fee (in U.S. dollars)</i>
Controlled entity set-up fee (1 year)	215
User set-up fee (1 year)	240
User set-up fee (1 year) for a government entity	0
Registration fee	120
Replacement administrator fee	60
Entity name change fee	240
Spare engine fee	60
Priority search fee	27
Priority search fee for a government entity	0*
Priority search machine-readable format fee	10
Priority search machine-readable format fee for a government entity	0*

2. PROCEDURE FOR ADJUSTMENT OF FEES

2.1 The fees are subject to periodic review by the Supervisory Authority, in consultation with the Registrar. New fees may then be set by the Supervisory Authority, based upon anticipated volume at that point, taking into account:

- (a) the Registrar's cash reserves for working capital;

* Subject to Section 13.6 of these Procedures.

- (b) the level of insurance required by the Supervisory Authority;
- (c) any litigation budget required by the Supervisory Authority or the Registrar above that contained in the cost schedule;
- (d) the Supervisory Authority costs;
- (e) any service enhancements requested by the Supervisory Authority or suggested by the Registrar;
- (f) the transaction volume achieved by the International Registry and the variation from the transaction volume projected by the Registrar; and
- (g) any other relevant factors.

3. DATA RELATING TO TAX ON FEES

The Registrar may collect and process data necessary to comply with applicable law relating to the taxation of fees paid for International Registry services.

— END —

