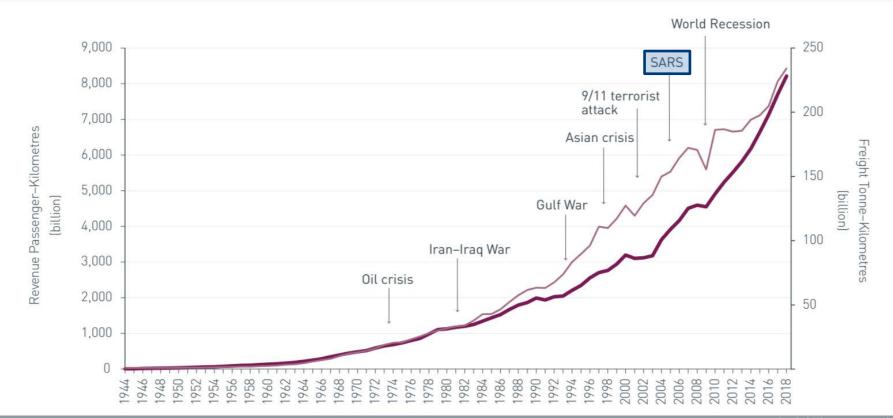


Effects of Novel Coronavirus (COVID-19) on Civil Aviation: Economic Impact Analysis

Montréal, Canada As of 27 February 2020





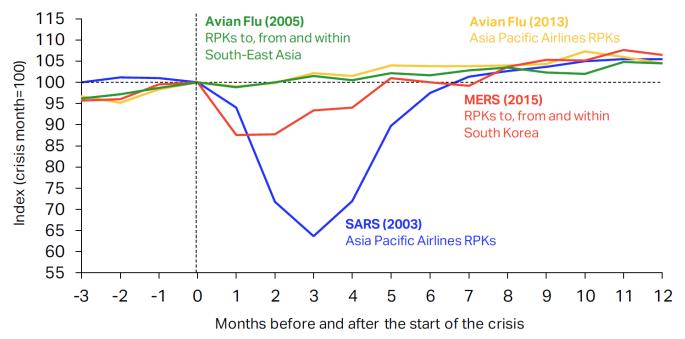
Source: ICAO Annual Report of the Council

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What can we learn from past experience? SARS, Aviation flu and MERS

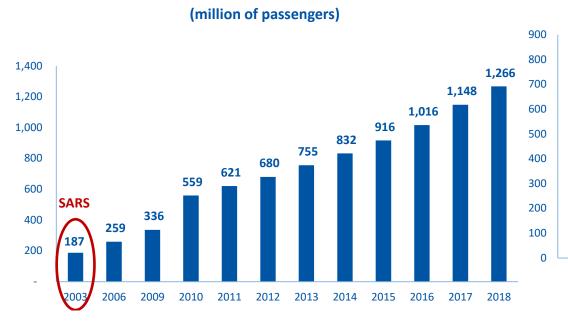
Impact of past outbreaks on aviation



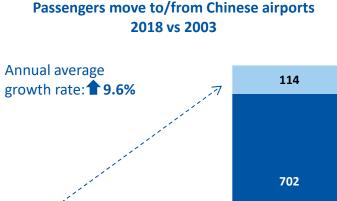
History shows that SARS has the most serious impact on traffic. At the height of the outbreak (May 2003), monthly RPKs of Asia-Pacific airlines were 35% lower than their pre-crisis levels. Overall in 2003, Asia-Pacific airlines lost **8% of annual RPKs and \$6 billion of revenues**.

Source: IATA Economics





Total number of passenger moved through Chinese airports 2003-2018



2018

International Passengers

50

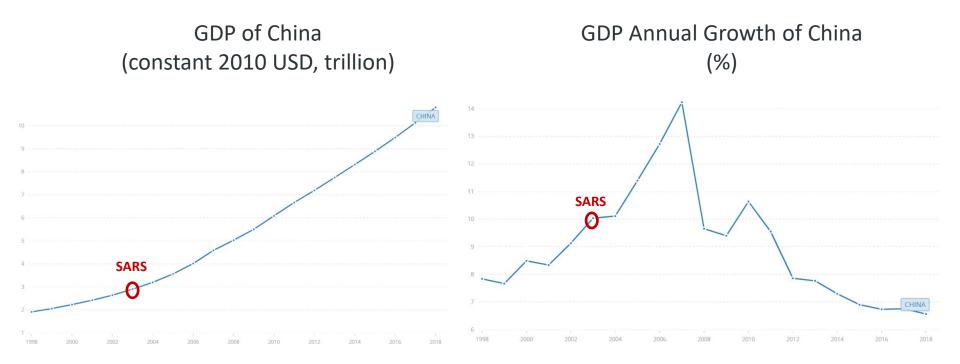
138

2003

Domestic passengers



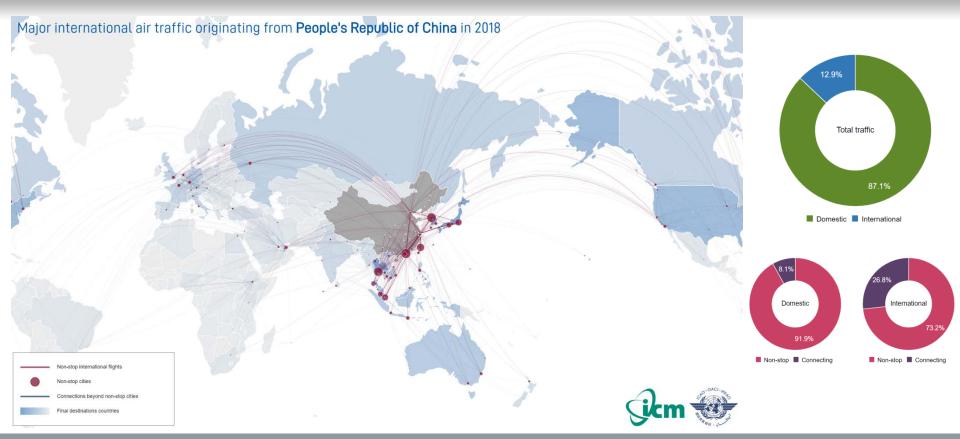
Chinese economic size quadrupled since 2003 but growth rate slowed down





Air connectivity of China

in terms of O-D passenger movement



Source: ICAO-ICM MIDT data



Air connectivity of Wuhan airport in terms of O-D passenger movement





COVID-19 outbreak caused a substantial setback in flight bookings for Chinese New Year

Chinese air arrivals in worldwide regions for Chinese New Year, before vs one week after the travel restrictions 10 January - 6 February, Bookings made as of 19 January and 26 January 2020. Volumes of arrivals. CNY2019 final **CNY Gold Week** 2020 vs 2019 Daily volume of Chinese travellers GNA GNS GNG GWT 205th 205th 205th 205th 205th 205th 205th Travel dates from 10 January to 6 February 2020 vs. 21 January to 17 February Only considered pax staying 1 Source: ForwardKeys air reservation data. 2020, according to bookings issued as of 19 January and 26 January 2020. to 21 nights at destinations.

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8





Note: The above includes a) international from mainland China, Hong Kong SAR of China, Macao SAR of China, Taiwan, Province of China; b) domestic within mainland China, and c) regional between mainland China and Hong Kong SAR, Macao SAR and Taiwan Province



Scenario Analysis: International Services from/to Mainland China

This is a preliminary analysis. Figures and estimates herein will be updated with the situation evolving and more information available.

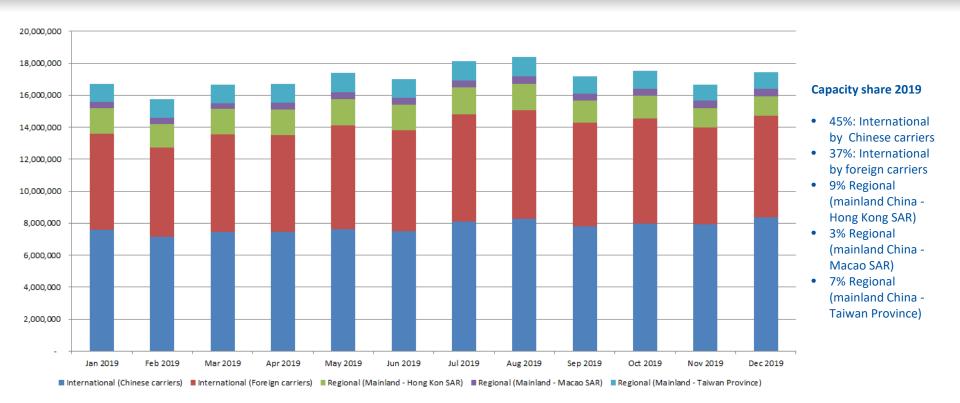




- "International" refers to scheduled international passenger services from/to mainland China excluding:
 - scheduled passenger services between mainland China and Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (SAR) of China, Macao SAR of China and Taiwan, Province of China; and
 - scheduled international passenger services from/to Hong Kong SAR, Macao SAR of China and Taiwan, Province of China
- "Regional" refers to scheduled passenger services:
 - between mainland China and Hong Kong SAR of China
 - between mainland China and Macao SAR of China; and
 - between mainland China and Taiwan, Province of China



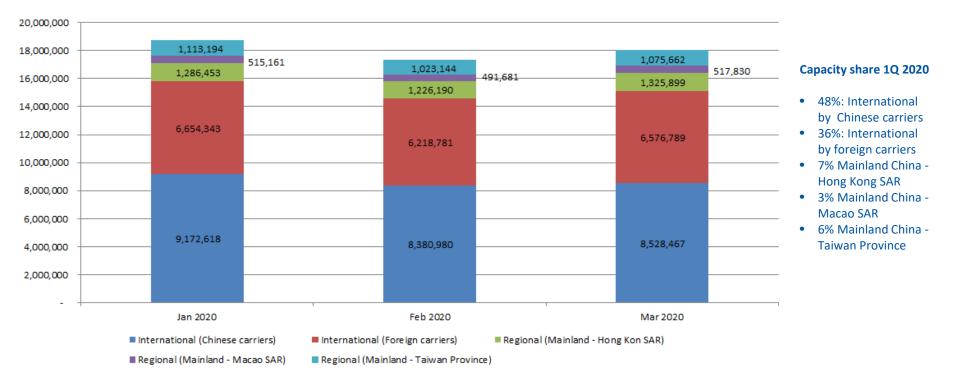
Number of seats offered by airlines (monthly, 2019)



Source: OAG Scheduled data



Number of seats offered by airlines (1Q 2020 originally-planned)





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Over 130 airlines reduced international services or cancelled all operations from/to mainland China

International (133)
Air Algerie*
Air Astana*
Air Busan
Air Canada*
Air China
Air Company SCAT*
Air France*
Air India*
Air Koryo*
Air Madagascar*
Air Mauritius*
Air New Zealand*
Air Seoul, Inc*
AirAsia
Airasia X
All Nippon Airways
American Airlines*
Asiana Airlines
Austrian Airlines*
AZUR air*
Bangkok Airways*
Batik Air
Beijing Capital Airlines
British Airways*

Cambodia Airways Co. Ltd Iberia* Cambodia Angkor Air* IndiGo* Cebu Pacific Air* IrAero* **Chengdu Airlines** China Eastern Airlines **China Express Airlines** China Southern Airlines China United Airlines China West Air* Chongqing Airlines* Citilink Indonesia Jin Air* Delta Air Lines* Donghai Airlines* Eastar Jet Egyptair*^ El Al Israel Airlines* Emirates Ethiopian Airlines Etihad Airways Lion Air Finnair* Garuda Indonesia* Guangxi Beibu Gulf Airlines Hainan Airlines Hebei Airlines* Himalaya Airlines*

Iraqi Airways* Japan Airlines JC Cambodia Intl Airlines Jeju Airlines Jetstar Asia* Jetstar Japan* Jetstar Pacific Airlines* Junevao Airlines Kenva Airwavs* KLM-Royal Dutch Airlines* Korean Air **Kunming Airlines** Lanmei Airlines Lao Airlines LOT - Polish Airlines* Lucky Air Co. Ltd. Lufthansa German Airlines* Mahan Air* Malaysia Airlines Malindo Airways

MIAT - Mongolian Airlines* Myanmar Airways Intl* Mvanmar National Airlines* Neos Air* Nok Air NokScoot Airlines Co Ltd* NordStar* **Okay Airways** Oman Air* Pakistan Intl Airlines* PAL Express* Peach Aviation Limited* Pegas Fly* Philippine Airlines* Philippines AirAsia Inc.* Qantas Airways* Qatar Airways* Qingdao Airline Co. Ltd Royal Air Maroc* Royal Brunei Airlines* **Royal Flight Airlines* Ruili Airlines** RwandAir* SAS Scandinavian Airlines* Saudi Arabian Airlines*

Scoot* Shandong Airlines Shanghai Airlines Shenzhen Airlines Siberia Airlines* Sichuan Airlines SilkAir **Singapore Airlines Sky Angkor Airlines** Spring Airlines Spring Airlines Japan Srilankan Airlines SWISS* Thai Air Asia X Thai AirAsia Thai Airways International Thai Lion Air Thai Smile Airwavs* **TianJin Airlines** Tibet Airlines* Turkish Airlines*^ Turkmenistan Airlines* T'way Air* Ukraine Interl Airlines* United Airlines*

Ural Airlines Urumgi Airlines* **US-Bangla Airlines** Uzbekistan Airwavs* Vietnam Airlines* Virgin Atlantic Airways* **Xiamen Airlines Company** Yakutia* **Zhejiang Loong Airlines** Regional (25) Air China Air Macau Cathay Dragon **Cathay Pacific Airways** China Airlines China Eastern Airlines China Southern Airlines **Chongqing Airlines Donghai Airlines EVA Airways** Far Eastern Air Transport* Hainan Airlines Hebei Airlines* **HK Express** Hong Kong Airlines

Juneyao Airlines Mandarin Airlines Shandong Airlines Shanghai Airlines Shenzhen Airlines Sichuan Airlines Tigerair Taiwan Co. Ltd Uni Airways Xiamen Airlines Company Zhejiang Loong Airlines*

> Announced since late January 2020; Duration varies

*: Airlines with all service Cancelled *^: Airlines with all service cancelled but gradual resumption

Source: Routes Online, OAG and airline websites (as of 27 Feb 2020)

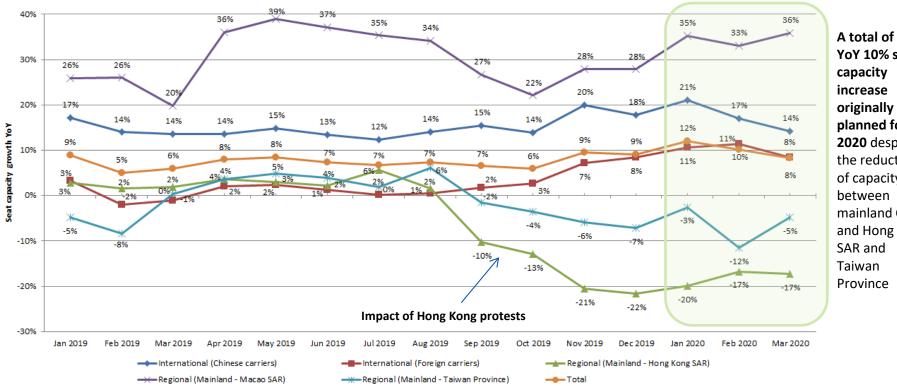


- Baseline (hypothetical situation without COVID-19 outbreak)
 - Seat capacity: used "originally-planned" winter schedule
 - Load factor: used 2018 actual results of airlines
- Scenario 1
 - Seat capacity in January and February: estimated by airlines' schedule changes
 - Seat capacity in March: applied the same reduction rate as February
 - Load factor: used 2018 actual results of airlines except Hong Kong SAR of China
- Scenario 2
 - Seat capacity in January and February: estimated by airlines' schedule changes;
 - Seat capacity in March: reduced by further 10% from February;
 - Load factor: decreased by 12 22% in February and by 7 17% in March



		Base	eline	Scena	ario 1	Scenario 2		
	Assumptions	Seat capacity reduction from originally-planned	Passenger load factor	Seat capacity reduction from originally-planned	Passenger load factor	Seat capacity reduction from originally-planned	Passenger load factor	
	International from/to mainland China (Chinese carriers)	0%	78%	-1%	78%	-1%	78%	
	International from/to mainland China (Foreign carriers)	0%	80%	0%	80%	0%	80%	
January 2020	Regional between mainland China and Hong Kong SAR of China	0%	80%	0%	70%	0%	70%	
	Regional between mainland China and Macao SAR of China	0%	80%	-1%	80%	-1%	80%	
	Regional between mainland China and Taiwan, Province of China	0%	80%	-1%	80%	-1%	80%	
	International from/to mainland China (Chinese carriers)	0%	78%	-57%	78%	-57%	58%	
	International from/to mainland China (Foreign carriers)	0%	80%	-64%	80%	-64%	65%	
February 2020	Regional between mainland China and Hong Kong SAR of China	0%	80%	-65%	70%	-65%	58%	
	Regional between mainland China and Macao SAR of China	0%	80%	-67%	80%	-67%	58%	
	Regional between mainland China and Taiwan, Province of China	0%	80%	-60%	80%	-60%	58%	
	International from/to mainland China (Chinese carriers)	0%	78%	-57%	78%	-67%	63%	
	International from/to mainland China (Foreign carriers)	0%	80%	-64%	80%	-74%	70%	
March 2020	Regional between mainland China and Hong Kong SAR of China	0%	80%	-65%	70%	-75%	63%	
	Regional between mainland China and Macao SAR of China	0%	80%	-67%	80%	-77%	63%	
	Regional between mainland China and Taiwan, Province of China	0%	80%	-60%	80%	-70%	63%	

Baseline: 10% seat capacity increase compared to 1Q 2019



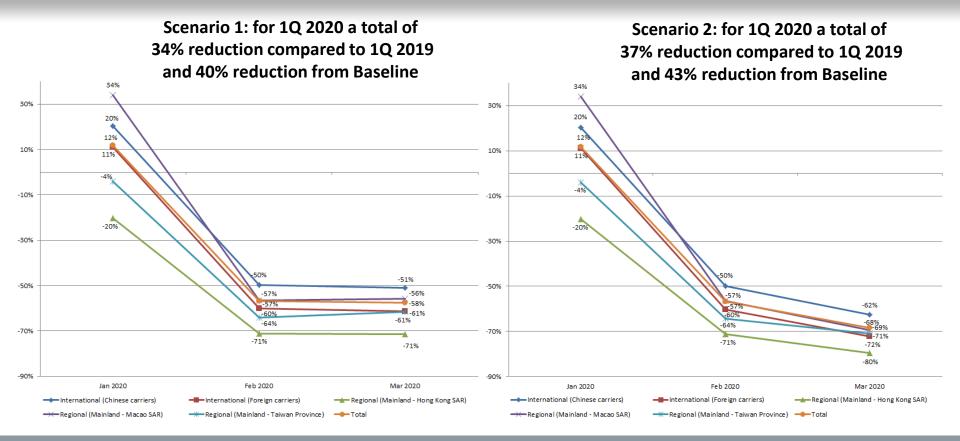
YoY 10% seat capacity increase originally planned for 1Q 2020 despite the reduction of capacity between mainland China and Hong Kong SAR and Taiwan Province

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Scenarios 1 & 2:

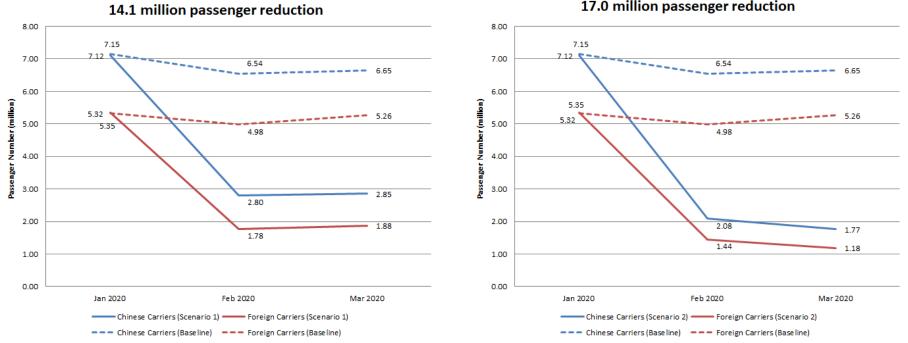


40 to 43% seat capacity reduction from Baseline





14.1 to 17.0 million "international" passenger reduction in 1Q 2020 compared to Baseline



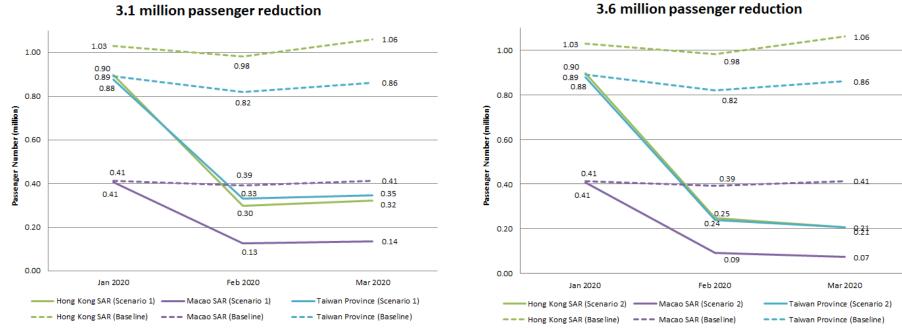
Scenario 1

Scenario 2 17.0 million passenger reduction



3.1 to 3.6 million "regional" passenger reduction in 1Q 2020 compared to Baseline

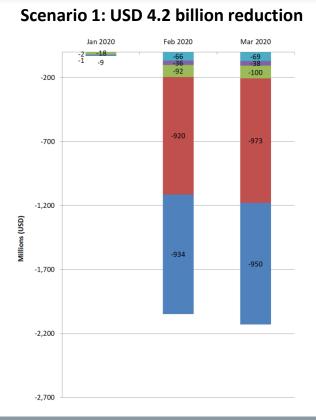
Scenario 2



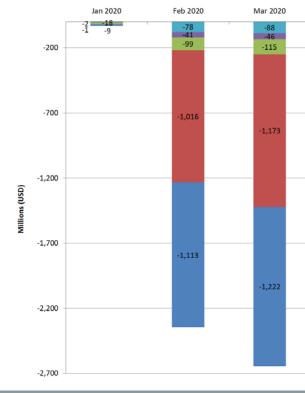
Scenario 1



Approx. USD 4.2 to 5.0 billion potential loss of airline revenues for 1Q 2020 compared to Baseline



Scenario 2: USD 5.0 billion reduction



- International (Chinese carriers)
- International (Foreign carriers)
- Regional (Mainland Hong Kong SAR)
- Regional (Mainland Macao SAR)
- Regional (Mainland Taiwan Province)
- International (Chinese carriers): calculated with an average fare of USD 250 per passenger based on traffic/financial reports of CA, CZ and MU;
- International (Foreign carriers): assumed 15% higher average fare than Chinese carriers;
- Regional: calculated with an average fare of USD 135 per passenger based on traffic/financial reports of CA, CZ and MU



The preliminary estimates indicate the impact in terms of scheduled international passenger traffic from/to mainland China (including between mainland China and Hong Kong SAR of China, Macao SAR of China and Taiwan, Province of China) during 1Q 2020 compared to originally-planned:

- Overall reduction ranging from 40% to 43% of seats offered by airlines
- Overall reduction of 17.2 to 20.6 million passengers
- Approx. USD 4.2 to 5.0 billion potential loss of gross operating revenues of airlines

	Estimated Impact on									
	Number of seats offered by airlines (000)			Number of Passengers (000)				Gross operating revenues of airlines (USD, million)		
Scope of analysis	Scenario 1		Scenar	io 2	Scenari	o 1	Scenario 2		Scenario 1	Scenario 2
International from/to mainland China (Chinese carriers)	-9,700	-37%	-10,600	-41%	-7,600	-37%	-9,400	-46%	-\$1,890	-\$2,340
International from/to mainland China (Foreign carriers)	-8,200	-42%	-8,900	-46%	-6,600	-42%	-7,600	-49%	-\$1,890	-\$2,180
Regional between mainland China and Hong Kong SAR of China	-1,700	-44%	-1,800	-47%	-1,600	-51%	-1,700	-56%	-\$210	-\$230
Regional between mainland China and Macao SAR of China	-700	-45%	-700	-48%	-500	-45%	-600	-53%	-\$70	-\$90
Regional between mainland China and Taiwan, Province of China	-1,300	-39%	-1,400	-43%	-1,000	-39%	-1,200	-48%	-\$140	-\$170
Total	-21,500	-40%	-23,300	-43%	-17,200	-40%	-20,600	-48%	-\$4,200	-\$5,010



Scenario Analysis: Hong Kong SAR of China and Macao SAR of China

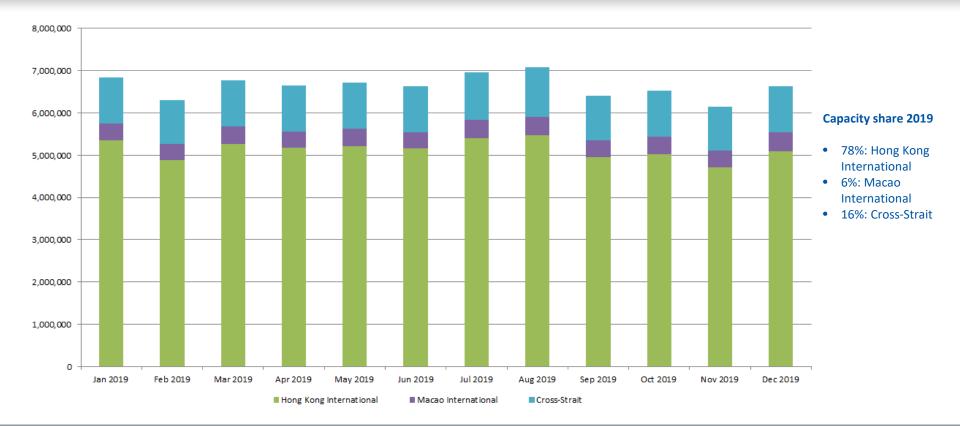
This is a preliminary analysis. Figures and estimates herein will be updated with the situation evolving and more information available.



- "Hong Kong International" refers to scheduled international passenger services from/to Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (SAR) of China excluding:
 - scheduled passenger services between Hong Kong SAR of China and mainland China, Macao SAR of China and Taiwan, Province of China
- "Macao International" refers to scheduled international passenger services from/to Macao SAR of China excluding:
 - scheduled passenger services between Macao SAR of China and mainland China, Hong Kong SAR of China and Taiwan, Province of China
- **"Cross-Strait"** refers to scheduled passenger services among Hong Kong SAR of China, Macao SAR of China and Taiwan, Province of China excluding:
 - "Regional" already included in the mainland China analysis

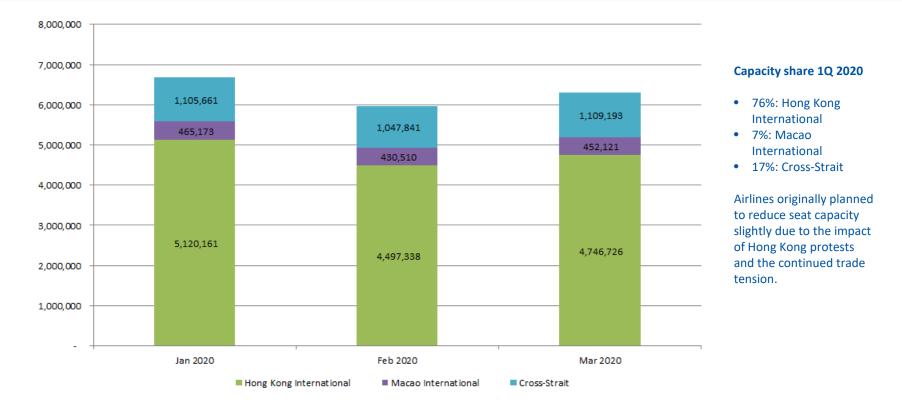


Number of seats offered by airlines (monthly, 2019)





Number of seats offered by airlines (1Q 2020 originally-planned)





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Some 70 airlines cancelled all services or reduced services from/to Hong Kong SAR and Macao SAR

Hong Kong International (59) Aeroflot Russian Airlines Air Busan* Air Canada Air France Air India* Air Mauritius* Air Niugini Air Seoul, Inc AirAsia All Nippon Airways American Airlines* **Asiana Airlines British Airways** Cathay Dragon **Cathay Pacific Airways** Cebu Pacific Air* Fastar Jet

Egyptair El Al Israel Airlines* **Emirates Ethiopian Airlines** Etihad Airways* **EZNIS AIRWAYS LLC*** Fiji Airways Finnair Garuda Indonesia **HK Express** Hong Kong Airlines IndiGo* Japan Airlines Jeiu Airlines Jetstar Asia* Jetstar Japan* Jetstar Pacific Airlines* **KLM-Royal Dutch Airlines** Korean Air Lanmei Airlines* Lufthansa German Airlines Malaysia Airlines MIAT - Mongolian Airlines* **Myanmar National Airlines** Peach Aviation Limited Philippine Airlines* Philippines AirAsia Inc.* Qantas Airways Qatar Airways **Royal Brunei Airlines Royal Jordanian** Scoot Siberia Airlines* Singapore Airlines South African Airways* SWISS

Thai AirAsia Thai Airways International United Airlines* Vietjet Vietnam Airlines Virgin Australia Intl* Macao International (17) Air Busan* Air Macau AirAsia Bamboo Airways* Cambodia Airways Co. Ltd* Cambodia Angkor Air* Cebu Pacific Air* Fastar let* Jeju Airlines Jin Air* Lanmei Airlines*

Philippine Airlines* Philippines AirAsia Inc.* Scoot Thai AirAsia T'way Air* Vietnam Airlines* Cross-Strait (9) Air Macau Cathay Dragon Cathay Pacific Airways China Airlines **EVA Airways HK Express** Hong Kong Airlines Mandarin Airlines Tigerair Taiwan Co. Ltd*

Announced since late January 2020; Duration varies *: Airlines with all service cancelled



- Baseline (hypothetical situation without COVID-19 outbreak)
 - Seat capacity: used "originally-planned" winter schedule
 - Load factor: used the same percentage as "International from/to mainland China (Foreign carriers)" and "Regional"

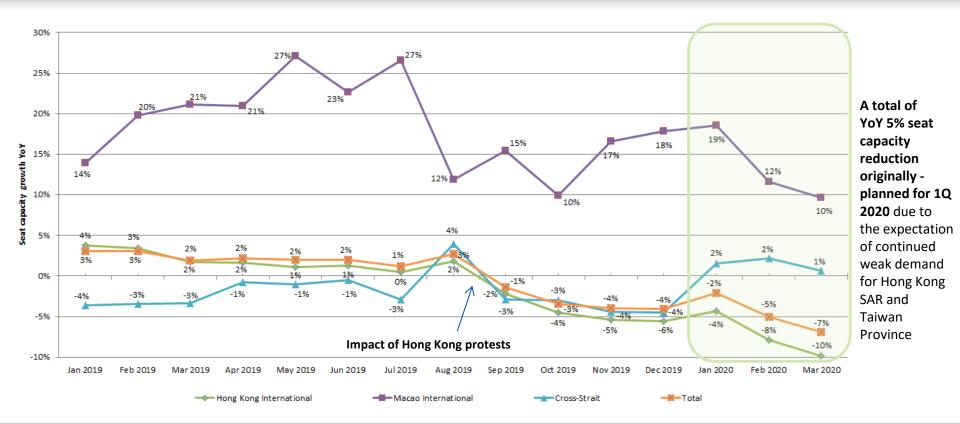
• Scenario 1

- Seat capacity in January and February: estimated by airlines' schedule changes
- Seat capacity in March: applied the same reduction rate as February
- Load factor: used the same percentage as Baseline
- Scenario 2
 - Seat capacity in January and February: estimated by airlines' schedule changes;
 - Seat capacity in March: reduced by further 10% from February;
 - Load factor: decreased by 22% in February and by 17% in March



		Base	eline	Scena	ario 1	Scenario 2		
	Assumptions	Seat capacity reduction from originally-planned	Passenger load factor	Seat capacity reduction from originally-planned	Passenger load factor	Seat capacity reduction from originally-planned	Passenger load factor	
	Hong Kong International	0%	80%	0%	80%	0%	80%	
January 2020	Macao International	0%	80%	0%	80%	0%	80%	
	Cross-Strait	0%	80%	1%	80%	1%	80%	
	Hong Kong International	0%	80%	-25%	80%	-25%	58%	
February 2020	Macao International	0%	80%	-67%	80%	-67%	58%	
	Cross-Strait	0%	80%	-52%	80%	-52%	58%	
	Hong Kong International	0%	80%	-25%	80%	-35%	63%	
March 2020	Macao International	0%	80%	- 67%	80%	-77%	63%	
	Cross-Strait	0%	80%	-52%	80%	-62%	63%	

Baseline: 5% seat capacity reduction compared to 1Q 2019



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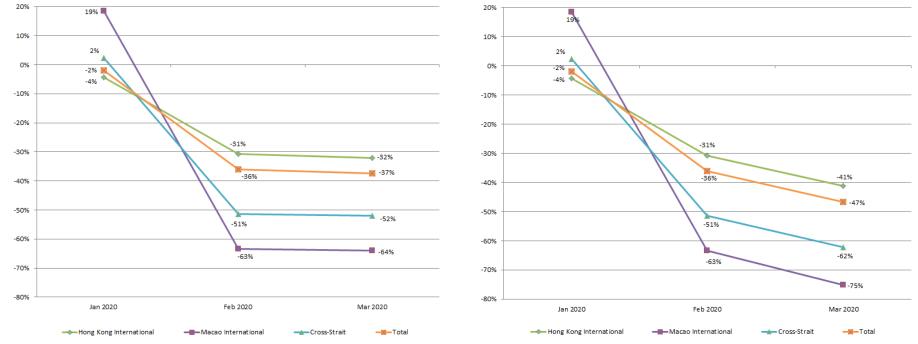
Scenarios 1 & 2:



21 to 24% seat capacity reduction from Baseline

Scenario 1: for 1Q 2020 a total of 25% reduction compared to 1Q 2019 and 21% reduction from Baseline

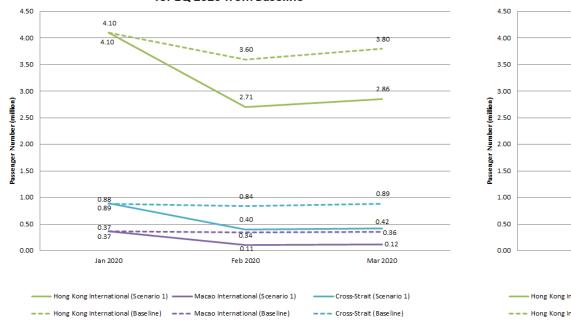
Scenario 2: for 1Q 2020 a total of 28% reduction compared to 1Q 2019 and 24% reduction from Baseline



Source: ICAO estimates

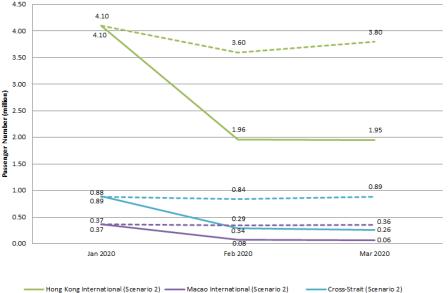


3.2 to 5.2 million passenger reduction in 1Q 2020 compared to Baseline



Scenario 1: a total of 3.2 million pasenger reduction for 1Q 2020 from Baseline

Scenario 2: a total of 5.2 million pasenger reduction for 1Q 2020 from Baseline

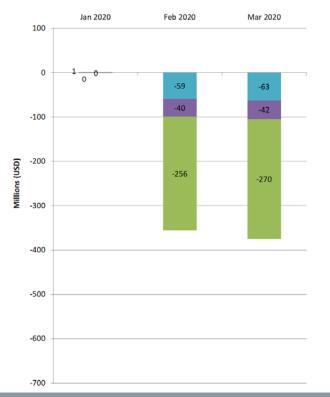


--- Hong Kong International (Baseline) --- Macao International (Baseline) --- Cross-Strait (Baseline)

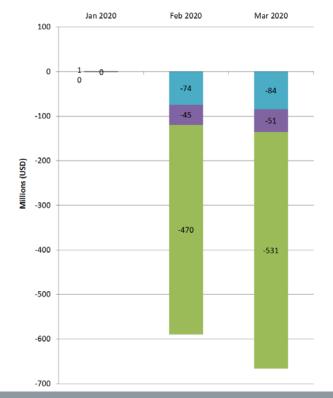


Approx. USD 0.7 to 1.3 billion potential loss of airline revenues for 1Q 2020 compared to Baseline

Scenario 1: USD 0.7 billion reduction



Scenario 2: USD 1.3 billion reduction



- Hong Kong International
 Macao International
 Cross-Strait
- Hong Kong International: calculated with an average fare of USD 287.6 per passenger (i.e. almost the same as "International (Foreign carriers)";
- Macao International: calculated with an average fare of USD 172 per passenger;
- Cross-Strait: calculated with an average fare of USD 135 per passenger (i.e. the same as "Regional")



The preliminary estimates indicate the impact in terms of scheduled international passenger traffic from/to Hong Kong SAR of China and Macao SAR of China, as well as scheduled passenger traffic among Hong Kong SAR of China, Macao SAR of China and Taiwan, Province of China, during 1Q 2020 compared to originally-planned:

- Overall reduction ranging from 21% to 24% of seats offered by airlines
- Overall reduction of **3.2 to 5.2 million passengers**
- Approx. **USD 0.7 to 1.3 billion potential loss** of gross operating revenues of airlines

	Estimated Impact on									
	Number of seats offered by airlines (000)			Number of Passengers (000)				Gross operating revenues of airlines (USD, million)		
Scope of analysis	Scenario 1		Scenari	io 2	Scenario 1		Scenario 2		Scenario 1	Scenario 2
Hong Kong International	-2,300	-16%	-2,800	-19%	-1,800	-16%	-3,500	-30%	-\$530	-\$1,000
Macao International	-600	-44%	-600	-47%	-500	-44%	-600	-52%	-\$80	-\$100
Cross-Strait	-1,100	-34%	-1,200	-38%	-900	-34%	-1,200	-45%	-\$120	-\$160
Total	-4,000	- 2 1%	-4,600	-24%	-3,200	- 2 1%	-5,200	-34%	-\$730	-\$1,250



Summary of Scenario Analysis

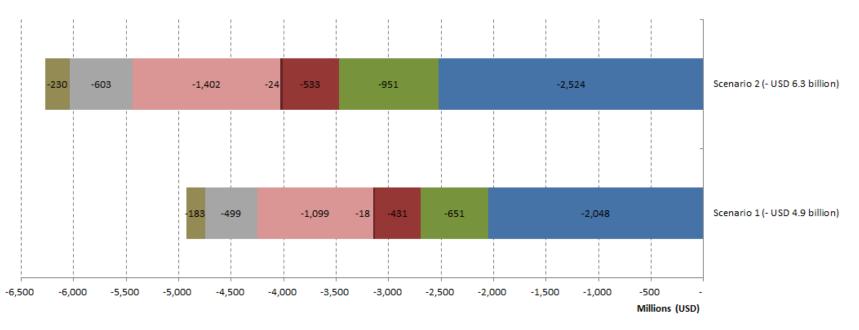
This is a preliminary analysis. Figures and estimates herein will be updated with the situation evolving and more information available.



- The direct impact of COVID-19 outbreak is expected to be greater than that caused by SARS in 2003 due to higher scale of flight cancellations and bigger economic size/air travel market of China
- The preliminary estimates indicate the impact in terms of scheduled international passenger traffic from/to China (including Hong Kong SAR of China, Macao SAR of China and cross-strait services from/to Taiwan, Province of China) during 1Q 2020 compared to originally-planned:
 - Overall reduction ranging from 35% to 38% of seats offered by airlines
 - Overall reduction of **20.4 to 25.8 million passengers**
 - Approx. **USD 4.9 to 6.3 billion potential loss** of gross operating revenues of airlines
- The above estimates exclude, inter alia, the impact of traffic reduction related to air cargo, Chinese domestic, as well as other international services



Break-down of revenue reduction by region of air carrier registration in 1Q 2020



China Hong Kong SAR, Macao SAR and Taiwan Province North East Asia Southwest Pacific Other Asia and Pacific Europe, Middle East and Africa Americas

55% and 85% of revenue reduction is estimated to be attributed to the loss from Chinese carriers and Asia/Pacific carriers (including Chinese carriers), respectively



	Estimated Impact on									
	Number of seats offered by airlines (000)			Number of Passengers (000)				Gross operating revenues of airlines (USD, million)		
Scope of analysis	Scenario 1 S		Scenari	o 2	Scenario 1		Scenario 2		Scenario 1	Scenario 2
International from/to mainland China (Chinese carriers)	-9,700	-37%	-10,600	-41%	-7,600	-37%	-9,400	-46%	-\$1,890	-\$2,340
International from/to mainland China (Foreign carriers)	-8,200	-42%	-8,900	-46%	-6,600	-42%	-7,600	-49%	-\$1,890	-\$2,180
Regional between mainland China and Hong Kong SAR of China	-1,700	-44%	-1,800	-47%	-1,600	-51%	-1,700	-56%	-\$210	-\$230
Regional between mainland China and Macao SAR of China	-700	-45%	-700	-48%	-500	-45%	-600	-53%	-\$70	-\$90
Regional between mainland China and Taiwan, Province of China	-1,300	-39%	-1,400	-43%	-1,000	-39%	-1,200	-48%	-\$140	-\$170
Sub-total	-21,500	-40%	-23,300	-43%	-17,200	-40%	-20,600	-48%	-\$4,200	-\$5,010
Hong Kong International	-2,300	-16%	-2,800	-19%	-1,800	-16%	-3,500	-30%	-\$530	-\$1,000
Macao International	-600	-44%	-600	-47%	-500	-44%	-600	-52%	-\$80	-\$100
Cross-Strait	-1,100	-34%	-1,200	-38%	-900	-34%	-1,200	-45%	-\$120	-\$160
Sub-total	-4,000	-21%	-4,600	-24%	-3,200	- 2 1%	-5,200	-34%	-\$730	-\$1,250
Grand total	-25,500	-35%	-28,000	-38%	-20,400	-35%	-25,800	-44%	-\$4,930	-\$6,270



Appendix

China Domestic Tourism by Chinese Passengers Republic of Korea Iran (Islamic Republic of)

This section contains a very preliminary analysis. Figures and estimates herein will be updated with the situation evolving and more information available.



Domestic passenger services in mainland China in 1Q 2020

The preliminary estimates indicate the impact in terms of scheduled domestic passenger traffic within mainland China during 1Q 2020 compared to originally-planned:

- Overall reduction of 40% of seats offered by airlines
- Overall reduction of 66.6 to 76.3 million passengers
- Approx. USD 6.8 to 7.8 billion potential loss of gross operating revenues of airlines

	Estimated Impact on								
	Number of seats offered by airlines (000)			Number of Passengers (000)				Gross operating revenues of airlines (USD, million)	
Scope of analysis	Scenario 1 Scenario 2		Scenario 1		Scenario 2		Scenario 1	Scenario 2	
Domestic within mainland China	-76,100 -40%	-76,100	-40%	-66,600	-42%	-76,300	-48%	-\$6,830	-\$7,825
PRELIMINARY	Seat capacity is reduced by 3% in January 2020 and 60% in February and March 2020 from the originally-planned schedules (baseline)			Load factor is down from 83% (baseline) from 83% (baseline) to 80% for 1Q 2020 to 80% in January 2020, 58% in February 2020 and 63% in March 2020		Calculated with an average fare of USD 102.5 per passenger based on traffic/financial reports of CA, CZ and MU			



Potential loss of revenues from Chinese tourists to top 5 States in 1Q 2020

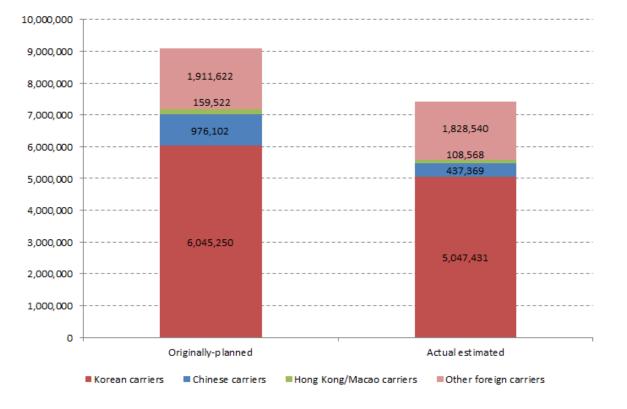
Top 5 States that Chinese traveller had the largest share		Baseline		Scena	ario 1	Scenario 2		
		Passenger number	Tourism revenue (in million USD)*	Passenger number	Tourism revenue (in million USD)*	Passenger number	Tourism revenue (in million USD)*	
Australia		460,161	446.36	340,318	330.11	296,616	287.72	
	Loss	-	-	-119,843	-116.25	-163,545	-158.64	
France		240,523	233.31	137,867	133.73	120,670	117.05	
	Loss	-	-	-102,656	-99.58	-119,853	-116.26	
Japan		3,181,840	3,086.38	2,167,273	2102.25	1,855,034	1,799.38	
	Loss	-	-	-1,014,567	-984.13	-1,326,806	-1287.00	
Thailand		2,772,352	2,689.18	1,826,629	1771.83	1,589,458	1,541.77	
	Loss	-	-	-945,723	-917.35	-1,182,894	-1147.41	
United States		888,102	861.46	505,096	489.94	446,707	433.31	
	Loss	-	-	-383,006	-371.52	-441,395	-428.15	

• Data excludes Special Administrative Regions (SAR) of China (Hong Kong SAR and Macao SAR) and Taiwan, Province of China

• Calculated with average international tourism spending of China (USD 970) per tourist reported by UNWTO



International passenger services from/to Republic of Korea in Feb 2020



18% capacity reduction from originally-planned level in February 2020

- -17%: Korean carriers
- -55%: Chinese carriers
- -32%: Carriers of Hong Kong/Macao SARs
- -4%: Other foreign carriers



International passenger services from/to Republic of Korea in Feb 2020



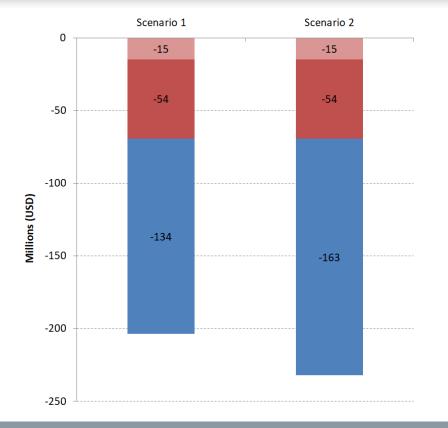
1.3 to 1.5 million passenger reduction in February 2020 compared to originally-planned

- From/to mainland China including Hong Kong/Macao SARs: extracted the impact involving Republic of Korea from scenarios 1 and 2;
- Other internal destinations: assumed 80% load factor

- From/to mainland China including Hong Kong/Macao SARs
- Other international destinations (Korean carriers)
- Other international destinations (Foreign carriers)



International passenger services from/to Republic of Korea in Feb 2020

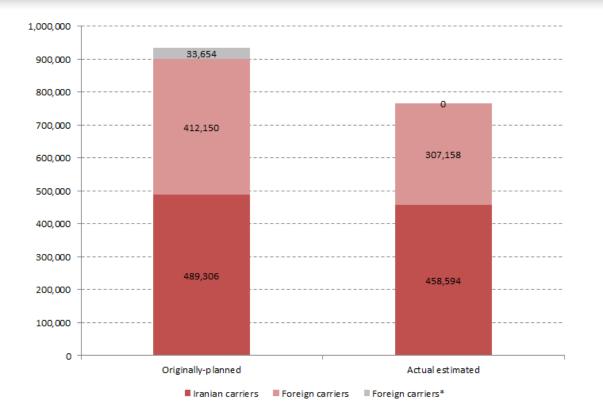


USD 204 to 232 million potential loss of airline revenues in February 2020 compared to originally-planned

- From/to mainland China including Hong Kong/Macao SARs: extracted the impact involving Republic of Korea from scenarios 1 and 2;
- Other internal destinations: calculated with an average fare of USD 287.6 per passenger (ranging from USD 155 to 485 by destination);
 - From/to mainland China including Hong Kong/Macao SARs
 - Other international destinations (Korean carriers)
 - Other international destinations (Foreign carriers)



International passenger services from/to Iran (Islamic Republic of) in Feb 2020



12% capacity reduction from originally-planned level in February 2020 due to COVID-19

- -6%: Iranian carriers
- -25%: Foreign carriers

*: Capacity change was announced and implemented before COVID-19 outbreak



International passenger services from/to Iran (Islamic Republic of) in Feb 2020



0.11 million passenger reduction in February 2020 compared to originallyplanned due to COVID-19

- From/to mainland China: extracted the impact involving Republic of Korea from scenarios 1 and 2;
- Other internal destinations: assumed 80% load factor

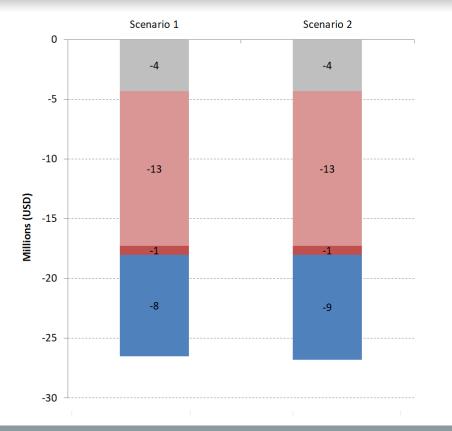
From/to mainland China

- Other international destinations (Iranian carriers)
- Other international destinations (Foreign carriers)
- Other international destinations (Foreign carriers*)

*: Capacity change was announced and implemented before COVID-19 outbreak



International passenger services from/to Iran (Islamic Republic of) in Feb 2020



USD 22 million potential loss of airline revenues in February 2020 compared to originally-planned due to COVID-19

- From/to mainland: extracted the impact involving Republic of Korea from scenarios 1 and 2;
- Other internal destinations: calculated with an average fare of USD 160 per passenger

- From/to mainland China
- Other international destinations (Iranian carriers)
- Other international destinations (Foreign carriers)
- Other international destinations (Foreign carriers*)

*: Capacity change was announced and implemented before COVID-19 outbreak



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