## Effects of Novel Coronavirus (COVID-19) on Civil Aviation: Economic Impact Analysis

Montréal, Canada 6 March 2020



- Introduction and Background
- Scenario Analysis: Mainland China
- Scenario Analysis: Hong Kong SAR of China and Macao SAR of China
- Summary of Scenario Analysis: China
- Scenario Analysis: Republic of Korea
- Scenario Analysis: Italy
- Preliminary Analysis: Iran (Islamic Republic of) and Mongolia

#### Summary of updated estimates at a glance

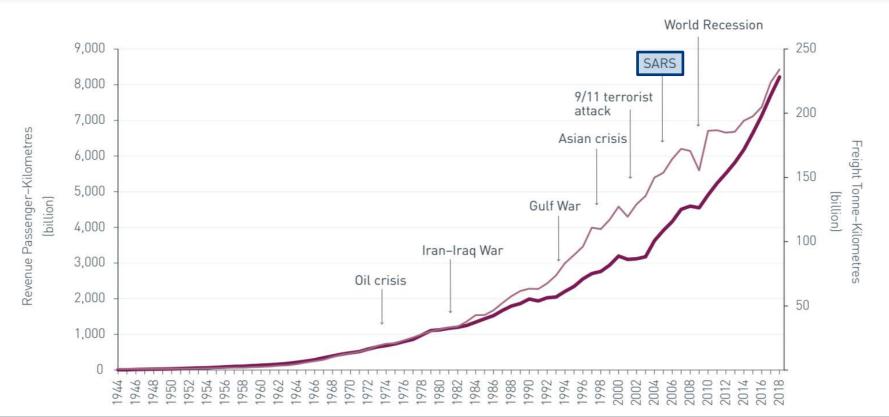
Estimated impact of COVID-19 outbreak on scheduled <u>international</u> <u>passenger</u> traffic during <u>1Q 2020</u> compared to originally-planned:

- China (including Hong Kong/Macao SARs): 41 to 42% seat capacity reduction, 23.9 to 27.5 million passenger reduction, USD 5.8 to 6.7 billion loss of gross operating revenues of airlines
- Republic of Korea: 24% seat capacity reduction, 5.3 to 6.0 million passenger reduction, USD
   1.1 to 1.2 billion loss of gross operating revenues of airlines
- **Italy**: 8% seat capacity reduction, 1.9 to 2.9 million passenger reduction, USD 0.26 to 0.37 billion loss of gross operating revenues of airlines
- Iran (Islamic Republic of)\*:12% seat capacity reduction, 0.11 million passenger reduction, USD 22 million loss of gross operating revenues of airlines

\* February 2020 only

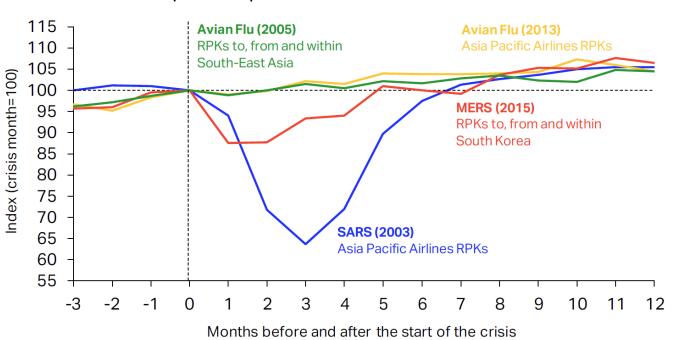
#### **Introduction and Background**

## Air traffic has been vulnerable to external factors including disease outbreaks



## What can we learn from past experience? SARS, Aviation flu and MERS

#### Impact of past outbreaks on aviation



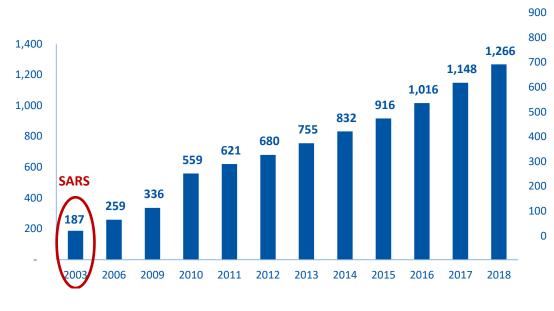
History shows that SARS has the most serious impact on traffic. At the height of the outbreak (May 2003), monthly RPKs of Asia-Pacific airlines were 35% lower than their pre-crisis levels. Overall in 2003, Asia-Pacific airlines lost 8% of annual RPKs and \$6 billion of revenues.

Source: IATA Economics



## Chinese international traffic more than doubled since 2003 SARS spread

## Total number of passenger moved through Chinese airports 2003-2018 (million of passengers)



# Annual average growth rate: 19.6% 114 702

2018

■ International Passengers

50

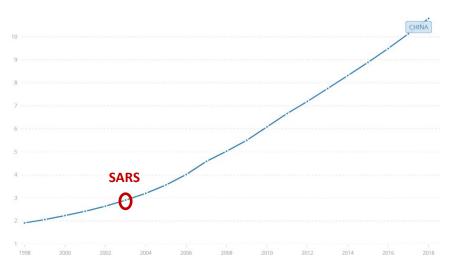
138

2003

■ Domestic passengers

### Chinese economic size quadrupled since 2003 but growth rate slowed down

GDP of China (constant 2010 USD, trillion)

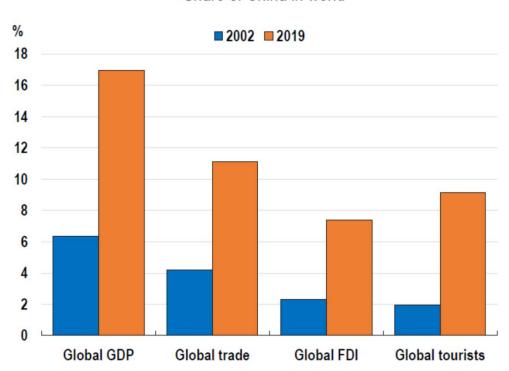


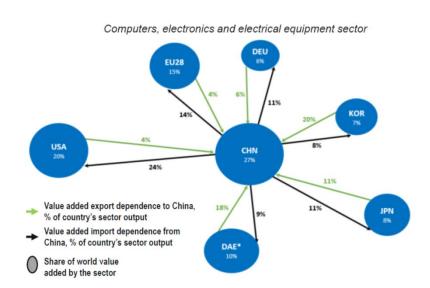
GDP Annual Growth of China (%)



#### China is more integrated in the global economy

#### Share of China in world

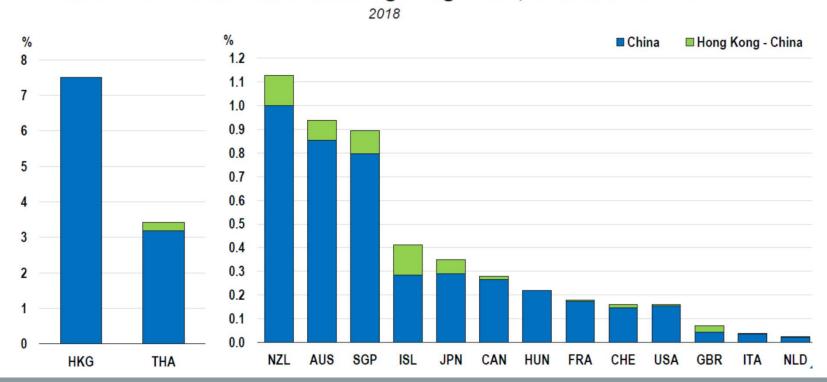




Value added trade flows between China and key partners

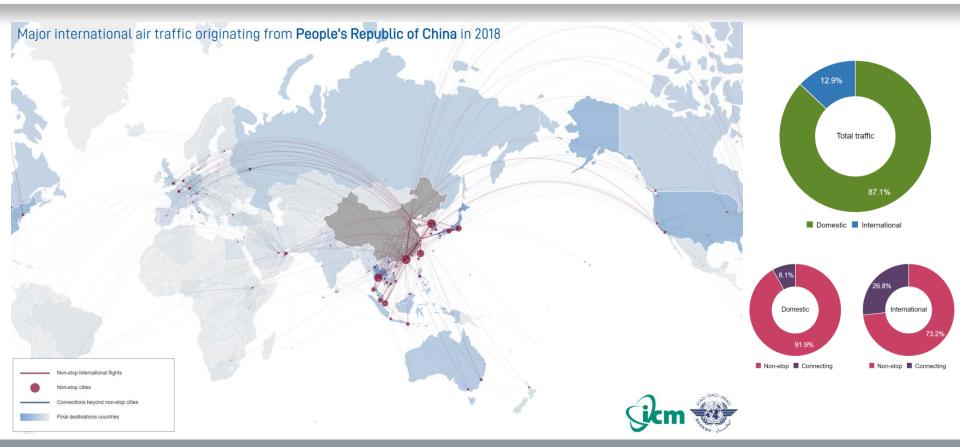


#### Travel services to China and Hong Kong-China, as a share of GDP





## Air connectivity of China in terms of O-D passenger movement





## Air connectivity of Wuhan airport in terms of O-D passenger movement

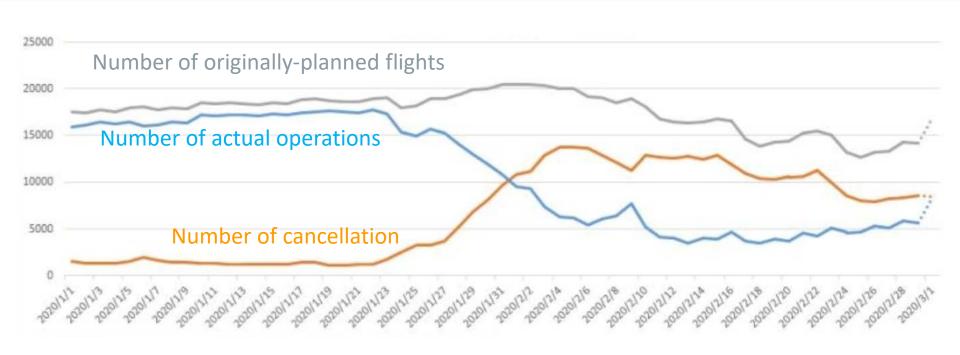


## COVID-19 outbreak caused a substantial setback in flight bookings for Chinese New Year

#### Chinese air arrivals in worldwide regions for Chinese New Year, before vs one week after the travel restrictions 10 January - 6 February, Bookings made as of 19 January and 26 January 2020. Volumes of arrivals. CNY2019 final **CNY Gold Week** 2020 vs 2019 Daily volume of Chinese travellers Travel dates from 10 January to 6 February 2020 vs. 21 January to 17 February Only considered pax staying 1 Source: ForwardKeys air reservation data. 2020, according to bookings issued as of 19 January and 26 January 2020.



## Flight cancellation has exceeded actual operations since 31 January 2020



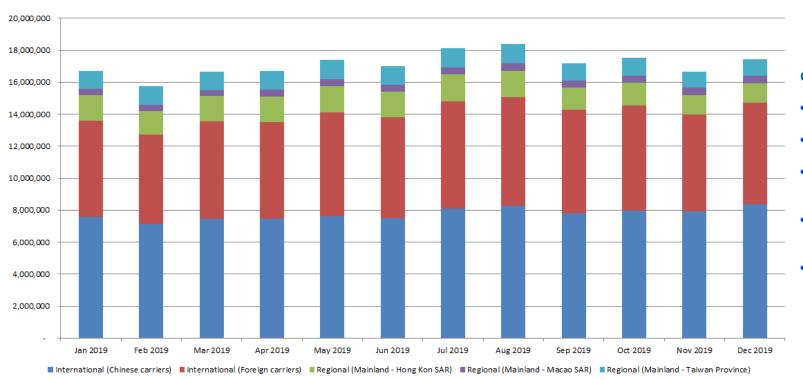
Note: The above includes a) international from mainland China, Hong Kong SAR of China, Macao SAR of China, Taiwan, Province of China; b) domestic within mainland China, and c) regional between mainland China and Hong Kong SAR, Macao SAR and Taiwan Province

## **Scenario Analysis: Mainland China**

This is a preliminary analysis. Figures and estimates herein will be updated with the situation evolving and more information available.

- "International" refers to scheduled international passenger services from/to mainland China excluding:
  - scheduled passenger services between mainland China and Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (SAR) of China, Macao SAR of China and Taiwan, Province of China; and
  - scheduled international passenger services from/to Hong Kong SAR, Macao SAR of China and Taiwan, Province of China
- "Regional" refers to scheduled passenger services:
  - between mainland China and Hong Kong SAR of China
  - between mainland China and Macao SAR of China; and
  - between mainland China and Taiwan, Province of China

## Number of seats offered by airlines (monthly, 2019)

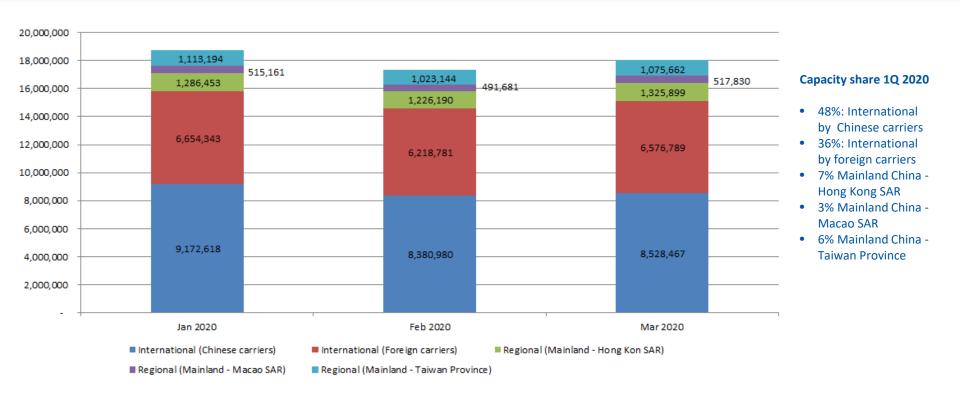


#### **Capacity share 2019**

- 45%: International by Chinese carriers
- 37%: International by foreign carriers
- 9% Regional (mainland China -Hong Kong SAR)
- 3% Regional (mainland China -Macao SAR)
- 7% Regional (mainland China -Taiwan Province)

#### UNITING AVIATION

## Number of seats offered by airlines (1Q 2020 originally-planned)





#### UNITING AVIATION

#### Over 130 airlines reduced international services or cancelled all operations from/to mainland China

International (136)	Beijing Capital Airlines	Hebei Airlines*	Malaysia Airlines	SAS Scandinavian Airlines*	T'way Air*	Hebei Airlines*
Aero Mongolia*	British Airways*	Himalaya Airlines*	Malindo Airways	Saudi Arabian Airlines*	Ukraine Interl Airlines*	HK Express
Air Algerie*^	Cambodia Airways Co. Ltd	Iberia*	MIAT - Mongolian Airlines*	Scoot*	United Airlines*	Hong Kong Airlin
Air Astana*	Cambodia Angkor Air*	IndiGo*	Myanmar Airways Intl*	Shandong Airlines	Ural Airlines	Juneyao Airlines
Air Busan	Cebu Pacific Air*	IrAero*	Myanmar National Airlines*	Shanghai Airlines	Urumqi Airlines*	Mandarin Airlines
Air Canada*	Chengdu Airlines	Iraqi Airways*	Neos Air*	Shenzhen Airlines	US-Bangla Airlines	Shandong Airline
Air China	China Eastern Airlines	Japan Airlines	Nok Air	Siberia Airlines*	Uzbekistan Airways*	Shanghai Airlines
Air Company SCAT*	China Express Airlines	JC Cambodia Intl Airlines	NokScoot Airlines Co Ltd*	Sichuan Airlines	Vietnam Airlines*	Shenzhen Airline
Air France*	China Southern Airlines	Jeju Airlines	NordStar*	SilkAir	Virgin Atlantic Airways*	Sichuan Airlines
Air India*	China United Airlines	Jetstar Asia*	Okay Airways	Singapore Airlines	Xiamen Airlines Company	Tigerair Taiwan C
Air Koryo*	China West Air*	Jetstar Japan*	Oman Air*	Sky Angkor Airlines	Yakutia*	Uni Airways
Air Madagascar*	Chongqing Airlines*	Jetstar Pacific Airlines*	Pakistan Intl Airlines*	Somon Air*	Zhejiang Loong Airlines	Xiamen Airlines C
Air Mauritius*	Citilink Indonesia	Jin Air*	PAL Express*	Spring Airlines	Regional (25)	Zhejiang Loong A
Air New Zealand*	Delta Air Lines*	Juneyao Airlines	Peach Aviation Limited*	Spring Airlines Japan	Air China	
Air Seoul, Inc*	Donghai Airlines*	Kenya Airways*	Pegas Fly*	Srilankan Airlines	Air Macau	
AirAsia	Eastar Jet	KLM-Royal Dutch Airlines*	Philippine Airlines*	SWISS*	Cathay Dragon	
Airasia X	Egyptair*^	Korean Air	Philippines AirAsia Inc.*	Thai Air Asia X	Cathay Pacific Airways	
All Nippon Airways	El Al Israel Airlines*	Kunming Airlines	Qantas Airways*	Thai AirAsia	China Airlines	Announced sin
American Airlines*	Emirates	Lanmei Airlines	Qatar Airways*	Thai Airways International	China Eastern Airlines	January 2020;
Asiana Airlines	Ethiopian Airlines	Lao Airlines	Qingdao Airline Co, Ltd	Thai Lion Air	China Southern Airlines	Duration varies
Austrian Airlines*	Etihad Airways	Lion Air	Royal Air Maroc*	Thai Smile Airways*	Chongqing Airlines	*: Airlines with
Azerbaijan Airlines*	Finnair*	LOT - Polish Airlines*	Royal Brunei Airlines*	TianJin Airlines	Donghai Airlines	Cancelled
AZUR air*	Garuda Indonesia*	Lucky Air Co. Ltd.	Royal Flight Airlines*	Tibet Airlines*	EVA Airways	*^: Airlines wit
Bangkok Airways*	Guangxi Beibu Gulf Airlines	Lufthansa German Airlines*	Ruili Airlines	Turkish Airlines*^	Far Eastern Air Transport*	cancelled but g
Batik Air	Hainan Airlines	Mahan Air*	RwandAir*	Turkmenistan Airlines*	Hainan Airlines	resumption

**HK Express** Hong Kong Airlines Juneyao Airlines Mandarin Airlines **Shandong Airlines** Shanghai Airlines Shenzhen Airlines Sichuan Airlines Tigerair Taiwan Co. Ltd Uni Airways Xiamen Airlines Company Zhejiang Loong Airlines\*

> Announced since late January 2020; **Duration varies**

<sup>\*:</sup> Airlines with all service Cancelled

<sup>\*^:</sup> Airlines with all service cancelled but gradual resumption



#### Baseline (hypothetical situation without COVID-19 outbreak)

- Seat capacity: used "originally-planned" winter schedule
- Load factor: used 2018 actual results of airlines (average)

#### Scenario 1 (mild)

- Seat capacity: estimated by airlines' schedule changes
- Load factor: used 2018 actual results of airlines except Hong Kong SAR of China

#### Scenario 2 (severe)

- Seat capacity in January and February: estimated by airlines' schedule changes
- Seat capacity in March: assumed summer schedules not starting from 29 March
- Load factor: 12 22 and 7 17 percentage points lower in February and March from January, respectively

#### **Scenario analysis: Assumptions**

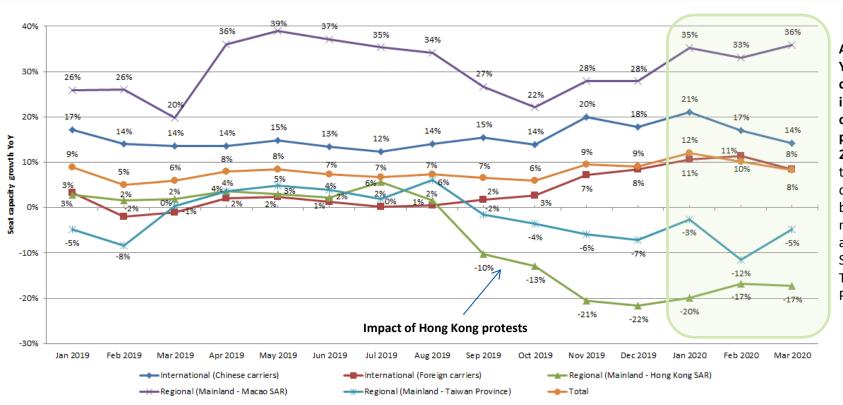
		Baseline		Scena	ario 1	Scenario 2		
		Seat capacity reduction from originally-planned	Passenger load factor	Seat capacity reduction from originally-planned	Passenger load factor	Seat capacity reduction from originally-planned	Passenger load factor	
	International from/to mainland China (Chinese carriers)	0%	78%	-1%	78%	-1%	78%	
	International from/to mainland China (Foreign carriers)	0%	80%	0%	80%	0%	80%	
January 2020	Regional between mainland China and Hong Kong SAR of China	0%	80%	0%	70%	0%	70%	
	Regional between mainland China and Macao SAR of China	0%	80%	-1%	80%	-1%	80%	
	Regional between mainland China and Taiwan, Province of China	0%	80%	-1%	80%	-1%	80%	
	International from/to mainland China (Chinese carriers)	0%	78%	-57%	78%	-57%	58%	
	International from/to mainland China (Foreign carriers)	0%	80%	-64%	80%	-64%	65%	
February 2020	Regional between mainland China and Hong Kong SAR of China	0%	80%	-65%	70%	-65%	58%	
	Regional between mainland China and Macao SAR of China	0%	80%	-67%	80%	-67%	58%	
	Regional between mainland China and Taiwan, Province of China	0%	80%	-60%	80%	-60%	58%	
	International from/to mainland China (Chinese carriers)	0%	78%	-73%	78%	-76%	63%	
	International from/to mainland China (Foreign carriers)	0%	80%	-76%	80%	-78%	70%	
March 2020	Regional between mainland China and Hong Kong SAR of China	0%	80%	-80%	70%	-82%	63%	
	Regional between mainland China and Macao SAR of China	0%	80%	-64%	80%	-67%	63%	
	Regional between mainland China and Taiwan, Province of China	0%	80%	-80%	80%	-82%	63%	



#### ICAO UNITING AVIATION

#### **Baseline:**

#### 10% seat capacity increase compared to 1Q 2019



A total of YoY 10% seat capacity increase originally planned for 1Q 2020 despite the reduction of capacity between mainland China and Hong Kong SAR and Taiwan Province

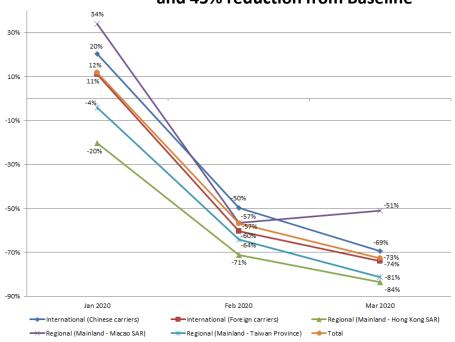


#### UNITING AVIATION

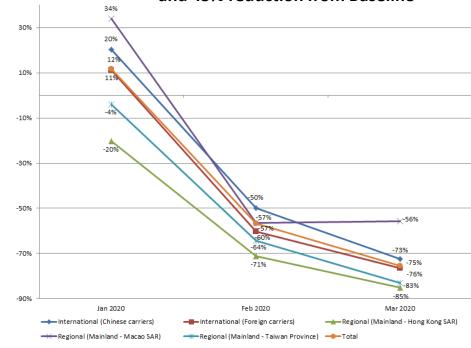
#### Scenarios 1 & 2:

#### 45% seat capacity reduction from Baseline

Scenario 1: for 1Q 2020 a total of 39% reduction compared to 1Q 2019 and 45% reduction from Baseline



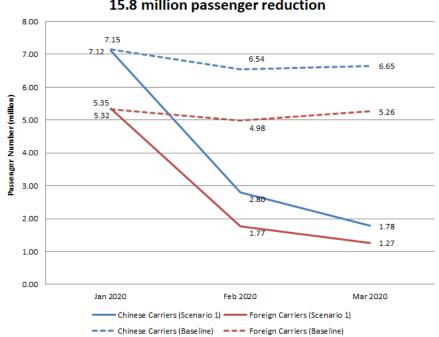
Scenario 2: for 1Q 2020 a total of 40% reduction compared to 1Q 2019 and 45% reduction from Baseline



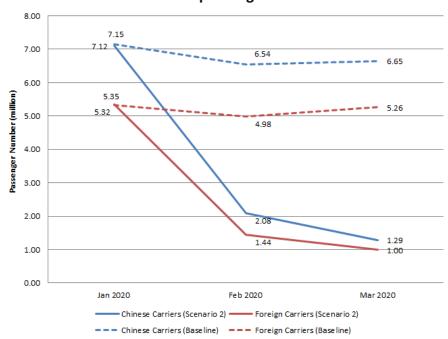


## 15.8 to 17.6 million "international" passenger reduction in 1Q 2020 compared to Baseline

Scenario 1 15.8 million passenger reduction



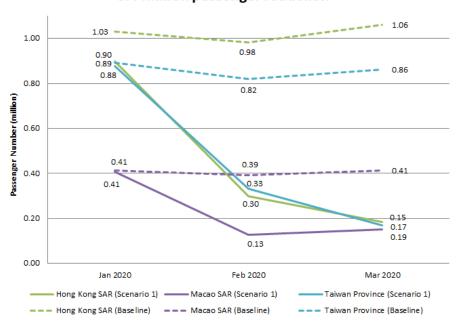
Scenario 2
17.6 million passenger reduction



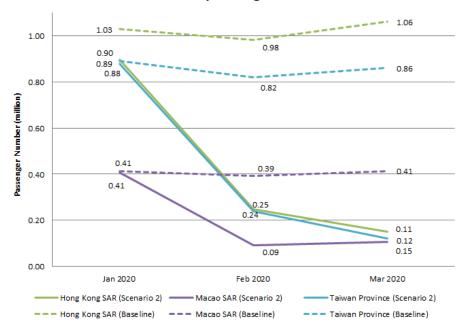


## 3.4 to 3.7 million "regional" passenger reduction in 1Q 2020 compared to Baseline

Scenario 1
3.4 million passenger reduction



Scenario 2
3.7 million passenger reduction

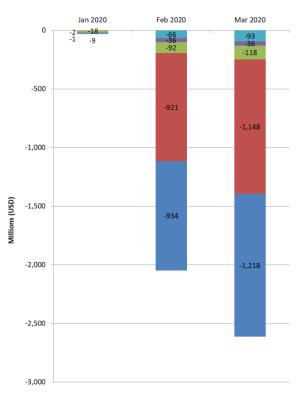




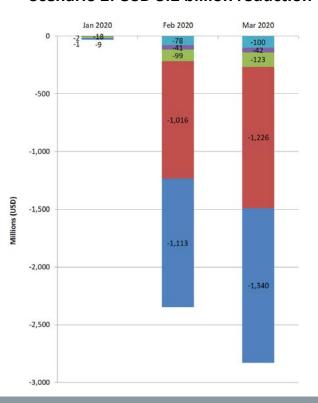
#### **UNITING AVIATION**

## Approx. USD 4.7 to 5.2 billion potential loss of airline revenues for 1Q 2020 compared to Baseline

#### Scenario 1: USD 4.7 billion reduction



#### Scenario 2: USD 5.2 billion reduction



- International (Chinese carriers)
- International (Foreign carriers)
- Regional (Mainland Hong Kong SAR)
- Regional (Mainland Macao SAR)
- Regional (Mainland Taiwan Province)
- International (Chinese carriers): calculated with an average fare of USD 250 per passenger based on traffic/financial reports of CA, CZ and MU;
- International (Foreign carriers): assumed 15% higher average fare than Chinese carriers;
- Regional: calculated with an average fare of USD 135 per passenger based on traffic/financial reports of CA, CZ and MU

Source: ICAO estimates

#### **Summary of estimated impact in 1Q 2020**

The preliminary estimates indicate the impact in terms of scheduled international passenger traffic from/to mainland China (including between mainland China and Hong Kong SAR of China, Macao SAR of China and Taiwan, Province of China) during 1Q 2020 compared to originally-planned:

- Overall reduction of 45% of seats offered by airlines
- Overall reduction of 19.3 to 21.4 million passengers
- Approx. USD 4.7 to 5.2 billion potential loss of gross operating revenues of airlines

	Estimated Impact on									
			offered by airlines 00)		Number of passengers (000)			Gross operating revenues of airlines (USD, million)		
Scope of analysis	Scenario 1		Scenario 2		Scenario 1		Scenario 2		Scenario 1	Scenario 2
International from/to mainland China (Chinese carriers)	-11,100	-42%	-11,300	-43%	-8,600	-42%	-9,900	-48%	-\$2,160	-\$2,460
International from/to mainland China (Foreign carriers)	-9,000	-46%	-9,200	-47%	-7,200	-46%	-7,800	-50%	-\$2,070	-\$2,240
Regional between mainland China and Hong Kong SAR of China	-1,900	-49%	-1,900	-49%	-1,700	-55%	-1,800	-58%	-\$230	-\$240
Regional between mainland China and Macao SAR of China	-700	-44%	-700	-45%	-500	-44%	-600	-50%	-\$70	-\$80
Regional between mainland China and Taiwan, Province of China	-1,500	-46%	-1,500	-47%	-1,200	-46%	-1,300	-52%	-\$160	-\$180
Total	-24,100	-45%	-24,600	-45%	-19,300	-45%	-21,400	-50%	-\$4,690	-\$5,210

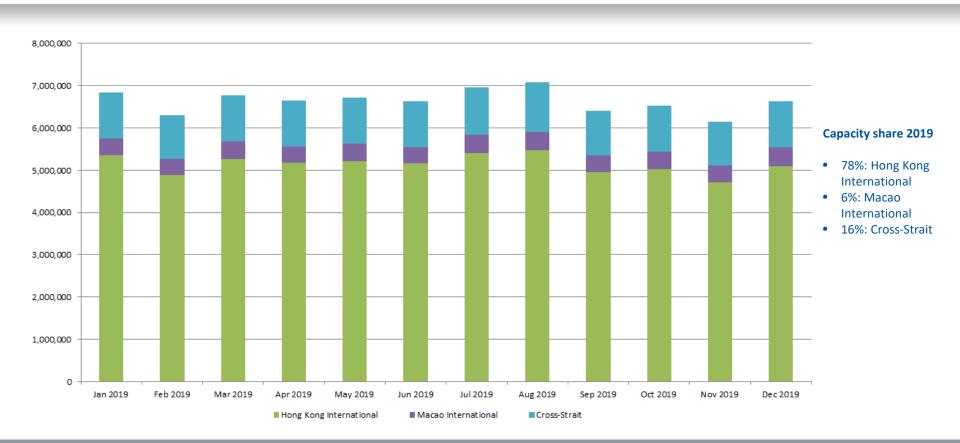
## Scenario Analysis: Hong Kong SAR of China and Macao SAR of China

This is a preliminary analysis. Figures and estimates herein will be updated with the situation evolving and more information available.

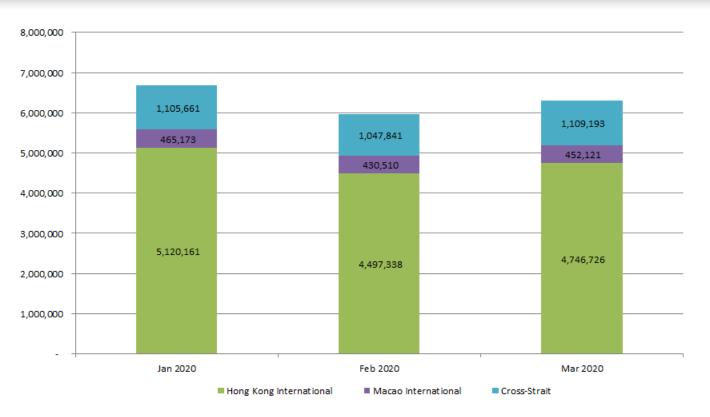


- "Hong Kong International" refers to scheduled international passenger services from/to Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (SAR) of China excluding:
  - scheduled passenger services between Hong Kong SAR of China and mainland China, Macao SAR of China and Taiwan, Province of China
- "Macao International" refers to scheduled international passenger services from/to Macao SAR of China excluding:
  - scheduled passenger services between Macao SAR of China and mainland China, Hong Kong SAR of China and Taiwan, Province of China
- "Cross-Strait" refers to scheduled passenger services among Hong Kong SAR of China, Macao SAR of China and Taiwan, Province of China excluding:
  - "Regional" already included in the mainland China analysis

## Number of seats offered by airlines (monthly, 2019)



## Number of seats offered by airlines (1Q 2020 originally-planned)



#### Capacity share 1Q 2020

- 76%: Hong Kong International
- 7%: Macao International
- 17%: Cross-Strait

Airlines originally planned to reduce seat capacity slightly due to the impact of Hong Kong protests and the continued trade tension.



Cathay Dragon

Eastar Jet

Cathay Pacific Airways

Cebu Pacific Air\*^

Hong Kong International (6/1) Egyptair

#### ICAO UNITING AVIATION

## Some 70 airlines cancelled all services or reduced services from/to Hong Kong SAR and Macao SAR

Hong Kong International (64)	Egyptair	Luttna
Aeroflot Russian Airlines	El Al Israel Airlines*	Malay
Air Astana	Emirates	MIAT
Air Busan*	Ethiopian Airlines	Myan
Air Canada	Etihad Airways*	Peach
Air France	EZNIS AIRWAYS LLC*	Philip
Air India*	Fiji Airways	Philip
Air Mauritius*	Finnair	Qanta
Air Niugini	Garuda Indonesia	Qatar
Air Seoul, Inc	HK Express	Royal
AirAsia	Hong Kong Airlines	Royal
All Nippon Airways	IndiGo*	SAS S
American Airlines*	Japan Airlines	Scoot
Asiana Airlines	Jeju Airlines	Siberi
Bangkok Airways	Jetstar Asia*	Singa
British Airways	Jetstar Japan*	South

Lufthansa German Airlines
Malaysia Airlines
MIAT - Mongolian Airlines*
Myanmar National Airlines
Peach Aviation Limited
Philippine Airlines*
Philippines AirAsia Inc.*
Qantas Airways
Qatar Airways
Royal Brunei Airlines
Royal Jordanian
SAS Scandinavian Airlines*
Scoot
Siberia Airlines*
Singapore Airlines
South African Airways*
SWISS
Thai AirAsia
Thai Airways International
Turkish Airlines

Lufthanca Gorman Airlings

United Airlines*
Vietjet
Vietnam Airlines
Virgin Atlantic Airways
Virgin Australia Intl*
Macao International (17)
Air Busan*
Air Macau
AirAsia
Bamboo Airways*
Cambodia Airways Co. Ltd*
Cambodia Angkor Air*
Cebu Pacific Air*
Eastar Jet*
Jeju Airlines
Jin Air*
Lanmei Airlines*
Philippine Airlines*
Philippines AirAsia Inc.*

T'way Air

Scoot Thai AirAsia T'way Air\* Vietnam Airlines\* Cross-Strait (9) Air Macau Cathay Dragon Cathay Pacific Airways China Airlines **EVA Airways HK Express Hong Kong Airlines** Mandarin Airlines\* Tigerair Taiwan Co. Ltd\* Announced since late January 2020; **Duration varies** \*: Airlines with all service cancelled

\*: Airlines with all service cancelled \*^: Airlines with all service cancelled but gradual resumption

Korean Air\*

Lanmei Airlines\*

Jetstar Pacific Airlines\*

**KLM-Royal Dutch Airlines** 



#### Baseline (hypothetical situation without COVID-19 outbreak)

- Seat capacity: used "originally-planned" winter schedule
- Load factor: used the same percentage as "International from/to mainland China (Foreign carriers)" and "Regional"

#### Scenario 1 (mild)

- Seat capacity: estimated by airlines' schedule changes
- Load factor: used the same percentage as Baseline

#### Scenario 2 (severe)

- Seat capacity in January and February: estimated by airlines' schedule changes
- Seat capacity in March: assumed summer schedules not starting from 29 March
- Load factor: 22 and 17 percentage points lower in February and March from January, respectively

#### **Scenario analysis: Assumptions**

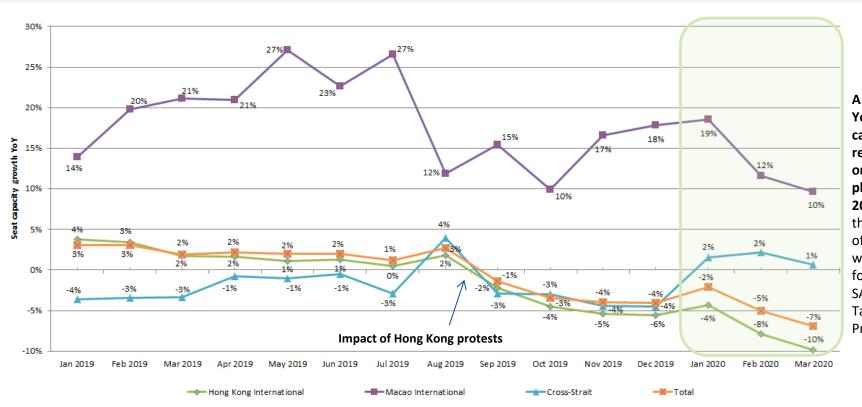
		Baseline		Scena	ario 1	Scenario 2		
Assumptions		Seat capacity reduction from originally-planned	Passenger load factor	Seat capacity reduction from originally-planned	Passenger load factor	Seat capacity reduction from originally-planned	Passenger load factor	
	Hong Kong International	0%	80%	0%	80%	0%	80%	
January 2020	Macao International	0%	80%	0%	80%	0%	80%	
	Cross-Strait	0%	80%	1%	80%	1%	80%	
	Hong Kong International	0%	80%	-25%	80%	-25%	58%	
February 2020	Macao International	0%	80%	-67%	80%	-67%	58%	
	Cross-Strait	0%	80%	-52%	80%	-52%	58%	
	Hong Kong International	0%	80%	-55%	80%	-60%	63%	
March 2020	Macao International	0%	80%	-75%	80%	-77%	63%	
	Cross-Strait	0%	80%	-83%	80%	-85%	63%	



#### **UNITING AVIATION**

#### **Baseline:**

#### 5% seat capacity reduction compared to 1Q 2019

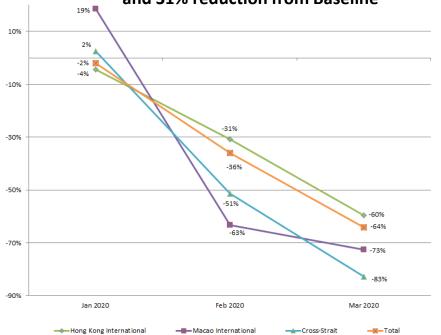


A total of YoY 5% seat capacity reduction originally planned for 1Q 2020 due to the expectation of continued weak demand for Hong Kong SAR and Taiwan Province

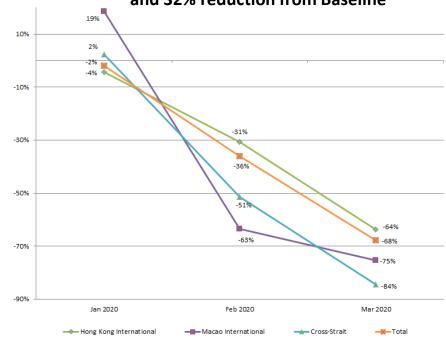
#### Scenarios 1 & 2:

#### 31 to 32% seat capacity reduction from Baseline

Scenario 1: for 1Q 2020 a total of 34% reduction compared to 1Q 2019 and 31% reduction from Baseline



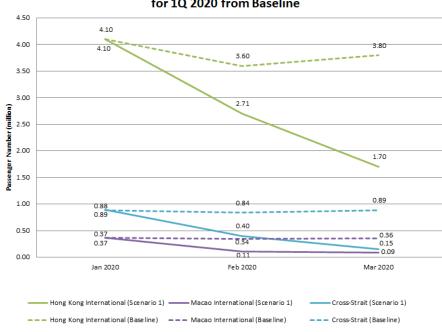
## Scenario 2: for 1Q 2020 a total of 35% reduction compared to 1Q 2019 and 32% reduction from Baseline



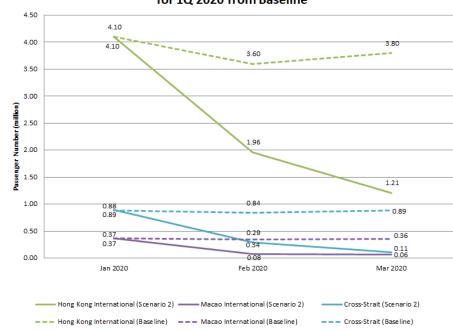


## 4.7 to 6.1 million passenger reduction in 1Q 2020 compared to Baseline

Scenario 1: a total of 4.7 million pasenger reduction for 10 2020 from Baseline



Scenario 2: a total of 6.1 million pasenger reduction for 1Q 2020 from Baseline

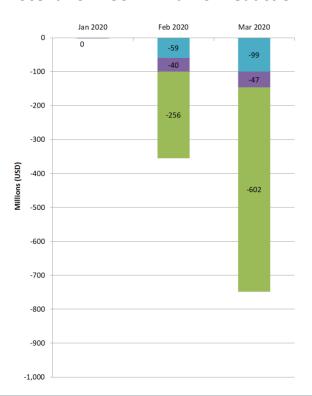




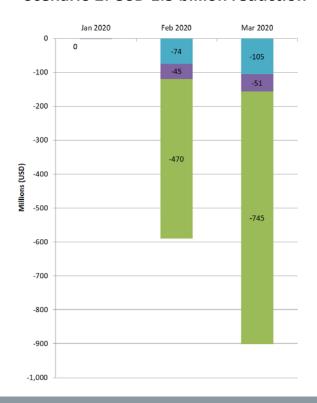
#### **UNITING AVIATION**

## Approx. USD 1.1 to 1.5 billion potential loss of airline revenues for 1Q 2020 compared to Baseline

#### Scenario 1: USD 1.1 billion reduction



#### Scenario 2: USD 1.5 billion reduction



- Hong Kong International
- Macao International
- Cross-Strait
- Hong Kong International: calculated with an average fare of USD 287.6 per passenger (i.e. almost the same as "International (Foreign carriers)";
- Macao International: calculated with an average fare of USD 172 per passenger;
- Cross-Strait: calculated with an average fare of USD 135 per passenger (i.e. the same as "Regional")

#### **Summary of estimated impact in 1Q 2020**

The preliminary estimates indicate the impact in terms of scheduled international passenger traffic from/to Hong Kong SAR of China and Macao SAR of China, as well as scheduled passenger traffic among Hong Kong SAR of China, Macao SAR of China and Taiwan, Province of China, during 1Q 2020 compared to originally-planned:

- Overall reduction ranging from 31% to 32% of seats offered by airlines
- Overall reduction of 4.7 to 6.1 million passengers
- Approx. USD 1.1 to 1.5 billion potential loss of gross operating revenues of airlines

	Estimated Impact on									
	Number of seats offered by airlines (000)			Number of passengers (000)				Gross operating revenues of airlines (USD, million)		
Scope of analysis	Scenario 1 Scenario 2		o 2	Scenari	rio 1 Scenario 2		Scenario 1	Scenario 2		
Hong Kong International	-3,700	-26%	-3,900	-27%	-3,000	-26%	-4,200	-37%	-\$860	-\$1,220
Macao International	-600	-47%	-600	-47%	-500	-47%	-600	-52%	-\$90	-\$100
Cross-Strait	-1,500	-45%	-1,500	-45%	-1,200	-45%	-1,300	-51%	-\$160	-\$180
Total	-5,800	-31%	-6,100	-32%	-4,700	-31%	-6,100	-40%	-\$1,100	-\$1,490

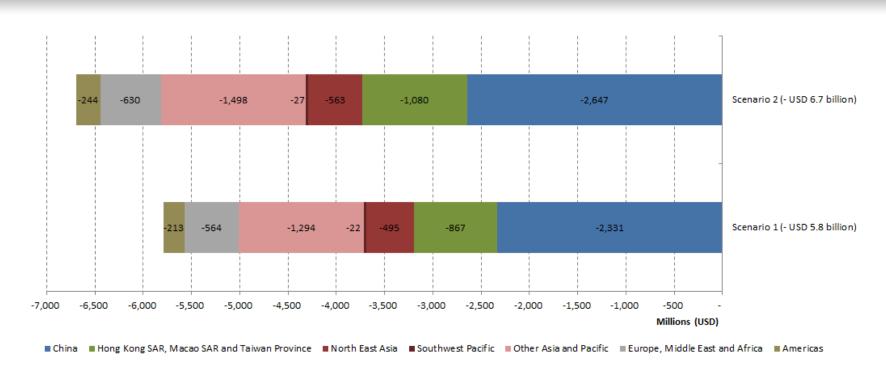
### **Summary of Scenario Analysis: China**

This is a preliminary analysis. Figures and estimates herein will be updated with the situation evolving and more information available.

- The direct impact of COVID-19 outbreak is expected to be greater than that caused by SARS in 2003 due to higher scale of flight cancellations and bigger economic size/air travel market of China
- The preliminary estimates indicate the impact in terms of scheduled international passenger traffic from/to China (including Hong Kong SAR of China, Macao SAR of China and cross-strait services from/to Taiwan, Province of China) during 1Q 2020 compared to originally-planned:
  - Overall reduction ranging from 41% to 42% of seats offered by airlines
  - Overall reduction of 23.9 to 27.5 million passengers
  - Approx. USD 5.8 to 6.7 billion potential loss of gross operating revenues of airlines
- The above estimates exclude, inter alia, the impact of traffic reduction related to air cargo, Chinese domestic, as well as other international services

#### UNITING AVIATION

### Break-down of revenue reduction by region of air carrier registration in 1Q 2020



55% and 85% of revenue reduction is estimated to be attributed to the loss from Chinese carriers and Asia/Pacific carriers (including Chinese carriers), respectively

### **Break-down of estimated impact in 1Q 2020**

	Estimated Impact on									
	Number	offered by air 00)	Number of passengers (000)				Gross operating revenues of airlines (USD, million)			
Scope of analysis	Scenari	Scenario 1 Scenario 2		Scenario 1 Scenario 2			o 2	Scenario 1	Scenario 2	
International from/to mainland China (Chinese carriers)	-11,100	-42%	-11,300	-43%	-8,600	-42%	-9,900	-48%	-\$2,160	-\$2,460
International from/to mainland China (Foreign carriers)	-9,000	-46%	-9,200	-47%	-7,200	-46%	-7,800	-50%	-\$2,070	-\$2,240
Regional between mainland China and Hong Kong SAR of China	-1,900	-49%	-1,900	-49%	-1,700	-55%	-1,800	-58%	-\$230	-\$240
Regional between mainland China and Macao SAR of China	-700	-44%	-700	-45%	-500	-44%	-600	-50%	-\$70	-\$80
Regional between mainland China and Taiwan, Province of China	d China and Taiwan, Province of China -1,500 -46%		-1,500	-47%	-1,200	-46%	-1,300	-52%	-\$160	-\$180
Sub-total Sub-total	-24,100	-45%	-24,600	-45%	-19,300	-45%	-21,400	-50%	-\$4,690	-\$5,210
Hong Kong International	-3,700	-26%	-3,900	-27%	-3,000	-26%	-4,200	-37%	-\$860	-\$1,220
Macao International	-600	-47%	-600	-47%	-500	-47%	-600	-52%	-\$90	-\$100
Cross-Strait	-1,500	-45%	-1,500	-45%	-1,200	-45%	-1,300	-51%	-\$160	-\$180
Sub-total Sub-total	-5,800	-31%	-6,100	-32%	-4,700	-31%	-6,100	-40%	-\$1,100	-\$1,490
Grand total	-29,900	-41%	-30,600	-42%	-23,900	-41%	-27,500	-47%	-\$5,800	-\$6,700

### Domestic passenger services in mainland China in 1Q 2020

The preliminary estimates indicate the impact in terms of scheduled domestic passenger traffic within mainland China during 1Q 2020 compared to originally-planned:

- Overall reduction of 40% of seats offered by airlines
- Overall reduction of 66.6 to 76.3 million passengers
- Approx. USD 6.8 to 7.8 billion potential loss of gross operating revenues of airlines

	Estimated Impact on										
	Number of seats offered by airlines (000)			Number of Passengers (000)				Gross operating revenues of airlines (USD, million)			
Scope of analysis	Scenario 1 Scenario 2		Scenar	io 1	Scenario 2		Scenario 1	Scenario 2			
Domestic within mainland China	-76,100	-40%	-76,100	-40%	-66,600	-42%	-76,300	-48%	-\$6,830	-\$7,825	
PRELIMINARY	Seat capacity is reduced 2020 and 60% in Februa from the originally-plan (baseline)		uary and Mar	ary and March 2020		Load factor is down from 83% (baseline) to 80% for 1Q 2020		Load factor is down from 83% (baseline) to 80% in January 2020, 58% in February 2020 and 63% in March 2020		Calculated with an average fare of USD 102.5 per passenger based on traffic/financial reports of CA, CZ and MU	

## Potential loss of revenues from Chinese tourists to top 5 States in 1Q 2020

Top 5 States that Chinese traveller had the largest share		Base	eline	Scena	ario 1	Scenario 2		
		Passenger number	Tourism revenue (in million USD)*	Passenger number	Tourism revenue (in million USD)*	Passenger number	Tourism revenue (in million USD)*	
A		460,161	446.36	340,318	330.11	296,616	287.72	
Australia	Loss	-	-	-119,843	-116.25	-163,545	-158.64	
Fuence		240,523	233.31	137,867	133.73	120,670	117.05	
France	Loss	-	-	-102,656	-99.58	-119,853	-116.26	
lanan		3,181,840	3,086.38	2,167,273	2102.25	1,855,034	1,799.38	
Japan	Loss	-	-	-1,014,567	-984.13	-1,326,806	-1287.00	
Thethouse		2,772,352	2,689.18	1,826,629	1771.83	1,589,458	1,541.77	
Thailand	Loss	-	-	-945,723	-917.35	-1,182,894	-1147.41	
United States		888,102	861.46	505,096	489.94	446,707	433.31	
	Loss	-	-	-383,006	-371.52	-441,395	-428.15	

- Data excludes Special Administrative Regions (SAR) of China (Hong Kong SAR and Macao SAR) and Taiwan, Province of China
- Calculated with average international tourism spending of China (USD 970) per tourist reported by UNWTO

**Source**: ICAO estimates

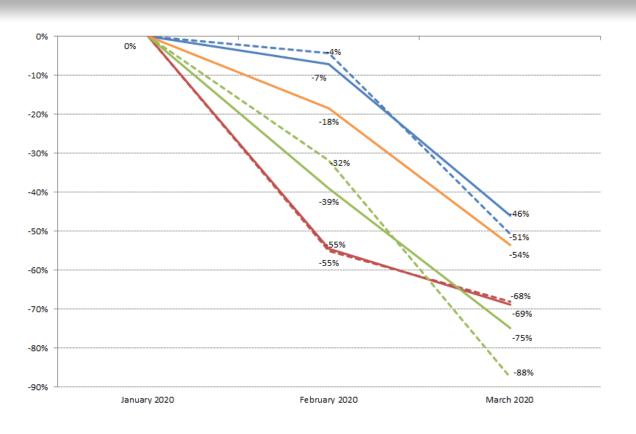
# **Scenario Analysis:** Republic of Korea

This is a preliminary analysis. Figures and estimates herein will be updated with the situation evolving and more information available.

- Scope: scheduled international passenger services from/to Republic of Korea
- Baseline (hypothetical situation without COVID-19 outbreak)\*
  - Seat capacity: used "originally-planned" winter schedule
  - Load factor: 80%
- Scenario 1 (mild)\*
  - Seat capacity: estimated by airlines' schedule changes
  - Load factor: used the same percentage as Baseline
- Scenario 2 (severe)\*
  - Seat capacity: estimated by airlines' schedule changes
  - Load factor: 10 percentage points lower in March (i.e. 70%)

\* Between Republic of Korea and China, Hong Kong SAR and Macao SAR of China: extracted the impacts involving Republic of Korea from the respective scenarios of China and Hong Kong/Macao SARs

### 24% seat capacity reduction in 1Q 2020 from Baseline



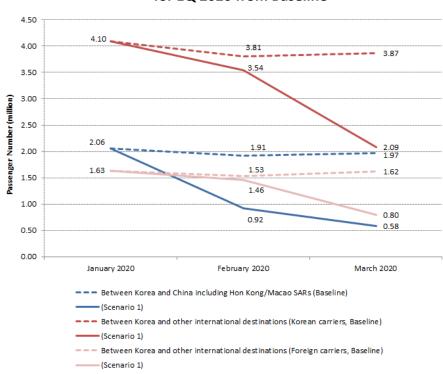
COVID-19 has started to impact airline operations from late February 2020 (except China routes)

- Between Korea and China (Korean carriers)
- --- Between Korea and China (Foreign carriers)
  - Between Korea and Hong Kong/Macao SARs of China
    (Korean carriers)
- Between Korea and Hong Kong/Macao SARs of China (Foreign carriers)
- Between Korea and other international destinations (Korean carriers)
- Between Korea and other international destinations (Foreign carriers)
- ——Total

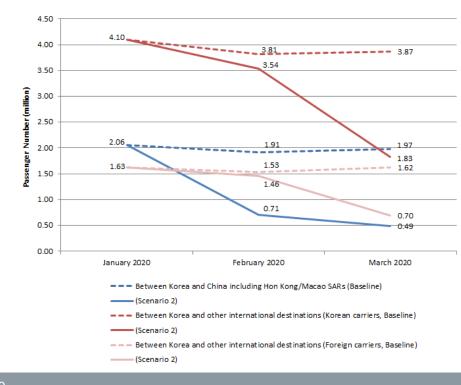


## 5.3 to 6.0 million passenger reduction in 1Q 2020 compared to Baseline

### Scenario 1: a total of 5.3 million passenger reduction for 1Q 2020 from Baseline



Scenario 2: a total of 6.0 million passenger reduction for 1Q 2020 from Baseline

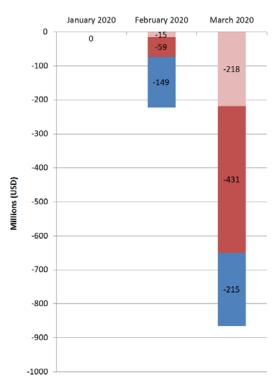




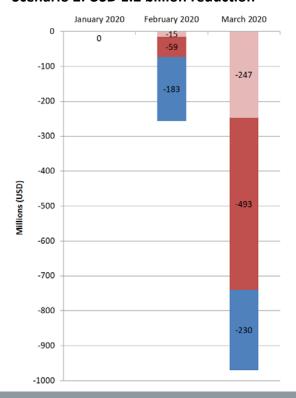
### UNITING AVIATION

## Approx. USD 1.1 to 1.2 billion potential loss of airline revenues for 1Q 2020 compared to Baseline

#### Scenario 1: USD 1.1 billion reduction



#### Scenario 2: USD 1.2 billion reduction



- Between Korea and China including Hon Kong/Macao SARs
- Between Korea and other international destinations (Korean carriers)
- Between Korea and other international destinations (Foreign carriers)
- Between Korea and China including Hong Kong SAR: extracted the impact involving Korea from scenarios 1 and 2 of China;
- Other internal destinations: Other internal destinations: calculated with an average fare of USD 287.6 per passenger (ranging from USD 155 to 485 by destination)

# **Scenario Analysis: Italy**

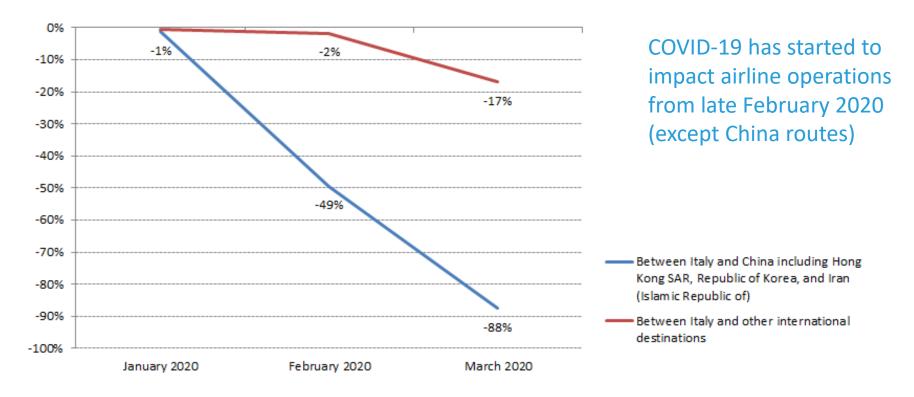
This is a preliminary analysis. Figures and estimates herein will be updated with the situation evolving and more information available.

- Scope: scheduled international passenger services from/to Italy
- Baseline (hypothetical situation without COVID-19 outbreak)\*
  - Seat capacity: used "originally-planned" winter schedule
  - Load factor: 80%
- Scenario 1 (mild)\*
  - Seat capacity: estimated by airlines' schedule changes
  - Load factor: used the same percentage as Baseline
- Scenario 2 (severe)\*
  - Seat capacity: estimated by airlines' schedule changes
  - Load factor: 10 percentage points lower in March (i.e. 70%)

\* Between Republic of Korea and China, Hong Kong SAR and Macao SAR of China, as well as Republic of Korea: extracted the impacts involving Italy from the respective scenarios of China, Hong Kong/Macao SARs and Korea

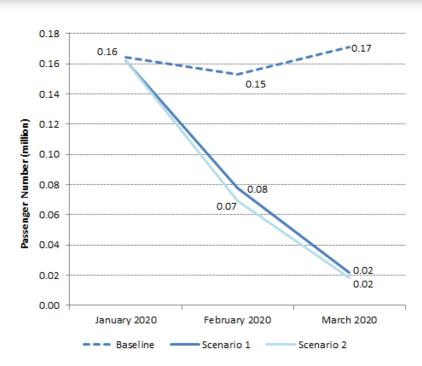
### 8% seat capacity reduction in 1Q 2020 from Baseline



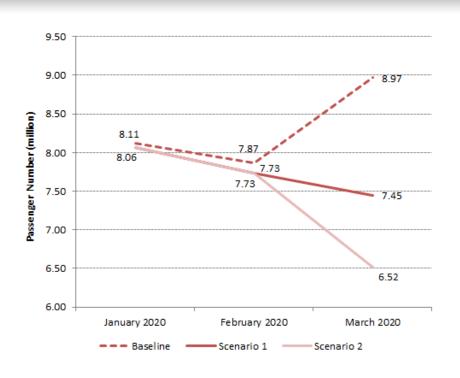




## 1.9 to 2.9 million passenger reduction in 1Q 2020 compared to Baseline



Between Italy and China including Hong Kong SAR, Republic of Korea, and Iran (Islamic Republic of)

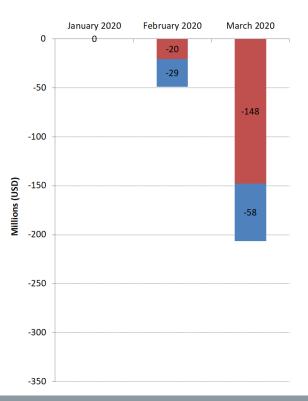


Between Italy and other international destinations

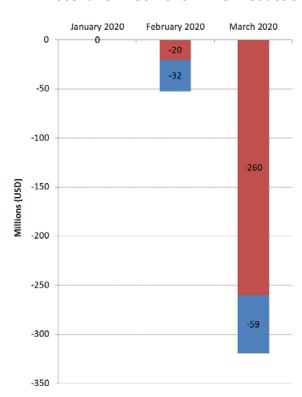


### Approx. USD 260 to 370 million potential loss of airline revenues for 1Q 2020 compared to Baseline

#### Scenario 1: USD 260 million reduction



#### Scenario 2: USD 370 million reduction



- Between Italy and China
  - including Hong Kong SAR, Republic of Korea, and Iran (Islamic Republic of)
- Between Italy and other international destinations
- Between Italy and China, Hong Kong SAR and Macao SAR of China, as well as Republic of Korea: extracted the impacts involving Italy from the respective scenarios of China, Hong Kong/Macao SARs and Korea;
- Other internal destinations: calculated with an average fare of USD 287.6 per passenger (ranging from USD 60 to 485 by destination)

### **Preliminary Analysis:**

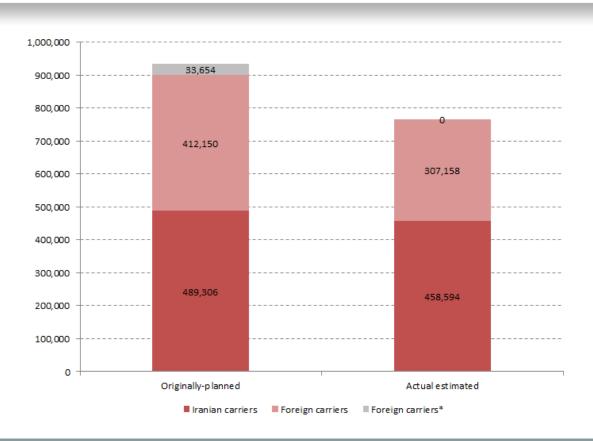
Iran (Islamic Republic of)
Mongolia

This section contains a very preliminary analysis. Figures and estimates herein will be updated with the situation evolving and more information available.



#### **UNITING AVIATION**

## International passenger services from/to Iran (Islamic Republic of) in Feb 2020



# 12% seat capacity reduction from originally-planned level in February 2020 due to COVID-19

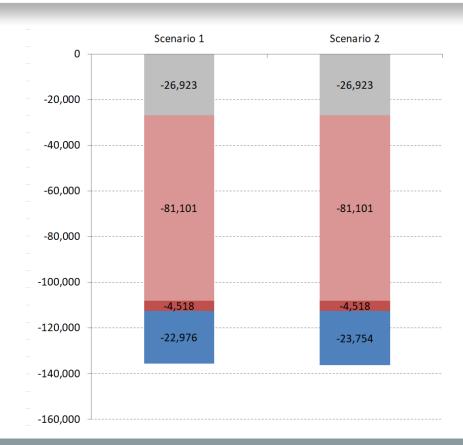
• -6%: Iranian carriers

-25%: Foreign carriers

<sup>\*:</sup> Capacity change was announced and implemented before COVID-19 outbreak



## International passenger services from/to Iran (Islamic Republic of) in Feb 2020



# 0.11 million passenger reduction in February 2020 compared to originally-planned due to COVID-19

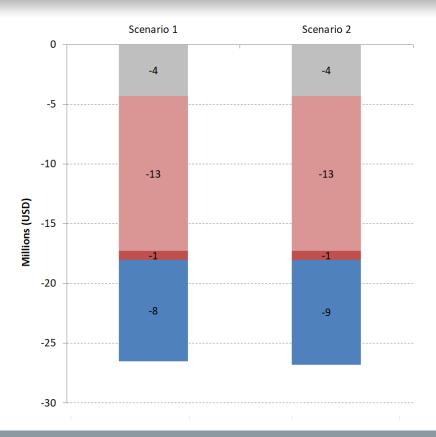
- From/to mainland China: extracted the impact involving Republic of Korea from scenarios 1 and 2;
- Other internal destinations: assumed 80% load factor

- From/to mainland China
- Other international destinations (Iranian carriers)
- Other international destinations (Foreign carriers)
- Other international destinations (Foreign carriers\*)

<sup>\*:</sup> Capacity change was announced and implemented before COVID-19 outbreak



## International passenger services from/to Iran (Islamic Republic of) in Feb 2020



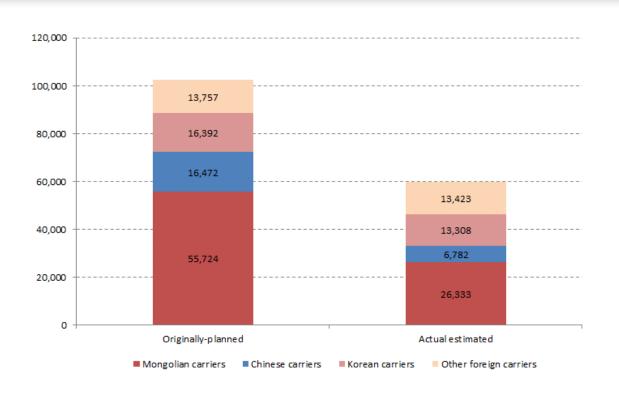
# USD 22 million potential loss of airline revenues in February 2020 compared to originally-planned due to COVID-19

- From/to mainland China: extracted the impact involving Republic of Korea from scenarios 1 and 2;
- Other internal destinations: calculated with an average fare of USD 160 per passenger

- From/to mainland China
- Other international destinations (Iranian carriers)
- Other international destinations (Foreign carriers)
- Other international destinations (Foreign carriers\*)

<sup>\*:</sup> Capacity change was announced and implemented before COVID-19 outbreak

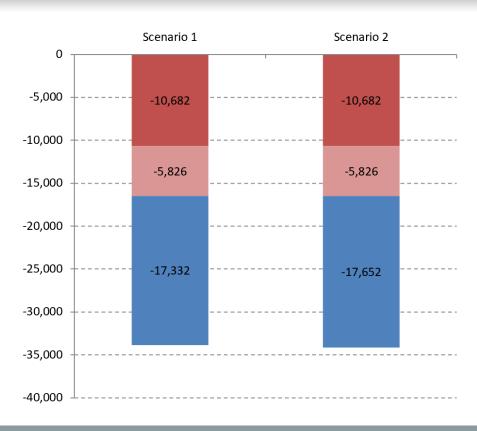
## International passenger services from/to Mongolia in Feb 2020



# 42% seat capacity reduction from originally-planned level in February 2020

- -53%: Mongolian carriers
- -59%: Chinese carriers
- -19%: Korean carriers
- -2%: Other foreign carriers

## International passenger services from/to Mongolia in Feb 2020

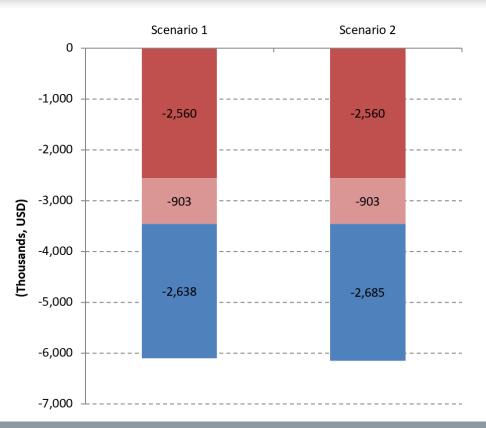


### 34,000 passenger reduction in February 2020 compared to originally-planned

- From/to mainland China: extracted the impact involving Mongolia from scenarios 1 and 2;
- From/to Republic of Korea and other internal destinations: assumed 80% load factor

- From/to mainland China and Hong Kong SAR
- From/to Republic of Korea
- Other international destinations

## International passenger services from/to Mongolia in Feb 2020



# USD 6.1 million potential loss of airline revenues in February 2020 compared to originally-planned

- From/to mainland China and Hong Kong SAR: extracted the impact involving Mongolia from scenarios 1 and 2;
- From/to Republic of Korea and other internal destinations: calculated with an average fare of USD 135 to 155 per passenger
  - From/to mainland China and Hong Kong SAR
  - From/to Republic of Korea
  - Other international destinations

- Arrangement for the prevention and Management of Public Health Events in Civil Aviation (CAPSCA)
  - https://www.capsca.org/CoronaVirusRefs.html
- Aviation and COVID-19
  - https://www.icao.int/Security/COVID-19/Pages/default.aspx
- Updated analysis of the effects of the Novel Coronavirus (COVID-19) on air transport
  - https://www.icao.int/sustainability/Documents/COVID-19/ICAO Coronavirus Econ Impact.pdf

**Contact:** ECD@icao.int

**Asia and Pacific** 

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Bangkok



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